CABINET

18 September 2018

Title: Corporate Plan 2018-2022 – Quarter 1 Performance Reporting			
Report of the Cabinet Member for Finance, Performance and Core Services			
Open Report	For Decision		
Wards Affected: All	Key Decision: No		
Report Author: Laura Powell, Policy and Partnerships Officer	Contact Details: Tel: 020 227 2517 E-mail: laura.powell@lbbd.gov.uk		
Accountable Strategic Leadership Director: Claire	Symonds, Chief Operating Officer		
Summary			
A new Corporate Plan is currently being developed to priorities for the next four years, following a period of s transformation. To support this, it was recognised tha Performance Framework needed to evolve to support service delivery, as a new kind of council.	significant change and service t the Council's Corporate		
The framework demonstrates how the Council will achieve the long-term vision for the borough as set out in the Borough Manifesto, by focusing on clearly defined medium and short-term targets, alongside output measures and budgetary information that monitor vital indicators of service transformation.			
Development of the Key Accountabilities and Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) has been carried out in collaboration with senior officers and Cabinet Members, with each component of the performance framework being aligned to Cabinet Member portfolios to ensure that the Council's performance is effectively managed and so service delivery remains on track.			
Following final sign-off of the new Corporate Plan, it may be necessary to review the associated KPIs and Accountabilities to make sure the performance framework reflects and delivers the priorities.			
Cabinet is presented with a Quarter 1 2018/19 performance update against the Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) and Key Accountabilities, which will continue to be reported quarterly to Corporate Performance Group (CPG) and Cabinet throughout the coming year.			
Recommendation(s)			
The Cabinet is recommended to:			
(i) Note progress against the Key Accountabilities as detailed in Appendix 1 to the report;			

- (ii) Note performance against the Key Performance Indicators as detailed in Appendix 2; and
- (iii) Agree any actions to address areas of deteriorating performance.

Reason(s)

To assist the Council in achieving its priority of a "Well run organisation".

1. Introduction and Background

- 1.1 Over the past few years, the Council has undergone a period of significant change, which has focused on establishing a new kind of council that transforms the way we deliver our services, as well as facilitate a change in the relationship we have with our residents.
- 1.2 In consultation with residents, we have shaped and defined the vision for Barking and Dagenham, with aspirations and outcomes clearly articulated through the production of the Borough Manifesto. These long-term outcomes provide a clear direction for the Council over the coming years.
- 1.3 The new Corporate Plan is currently being developed to articulate the Council's vision and priorities over the next four years, as we continue our journey and the Council's transformation programme begins in earnest.
- 1.4 The Corporate Plan is a key part of the Council's strategic planning, delivery and accountability framework. The development of a Corporate Plan ensures the Council's contribution to achieving its vision and priorities is co-ordinated, and achievable and that it is resourced in line with the Medium Term Financial Strategy. It allows both Members and residents to measure progress in the Council's delivery of its vision and priorities

2 Corporate Performance Framework 2018-2022

- 2.1 The corporate performance framework demonstrates how the Council will achieve the long-term vision for the borough as set out in the Borough Manifesto, by focusing on clearly defined medium and short-term targets, alongside output measures and budgetary information that monitor vital indicators of service transformation.
- 2.2 The measures and clearly defined targets of the Borough Manifesto have been developed to assess the progress being made against the Barking and Dagenham vision and aspirations. The targets are the overarching long-term outcomes that the Council is striving to achieve and sit at the highest level of our corporate performance framework. They will be monitored on annual basis through the Barking and Dagenham Delivery Partnership (BDDP).
- 2.3 The Corporate Plan sets out the Council's contribution over the next four years to deliver the Borough Manifesto. The supporting Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) and Key Accountabilities are those medium-term measures that will drive improvement and will be reported to Cabinet on a quarterly basis. Given their

lifespan and supporting targets, if achieved, we will have progressed a quarter of the way to achieving the vision for the borough.

- 2.4 Following final sign-off of the new Corporate Plan, it may be necessary to review the associated KPIs and Accountabilities to make sure the performance framework reflects and delivers the priorities.
- 2.5 Commissioning Mandates and Business Plans will be iterated over the course of 2018/19 and the associated performance measures reviewed. The indicators that feature in mandates and business plans will continue to show the overall health of services whilst remaining focussed on achieving outcomes for residents.
- 2.6 The Council's transformation into a new kind of council has been designed to deliver the substantial, long-term outcomes for the borough. Our progress against delivering these outcomes will be difficult to measure in the short-term. To do this the corporate performance framework for incorporates Vital Signs for each Service Block.
- 2.7 Vital Signs will become the focus of monthly Health Check Reviews. These sessions will be chaired by the Deputy Leader of the Council and Cabinet Member for Finance, Performance & Core Services, and will provide a forum for Portfolio Holders, alongside Council officers, to be challenged against the performance of services for which they are accountable.

3 Key Accountabilities 2018/19

- 3.1 Through the development of the Corporate Plan a number of Key Accountabilities have been identified that provide a clear link to how the Council will deliver the vision and priorities, focusing on key deliverables for the coming year.
- 3.2 The Key Accountabilities (Appendix 1) are a key element of the corporate performance framework and will be reported to Cabinet on a quarterly basis. They will also be used as a key aid for discussions at Cabinet Member Portfolio meetings.

4 Corporate Plan Key Performance Indicators

- 4.1 Through the development of the Corporate Plan, clear medium and short-term targets have been identified and are defined as the Council's Key Performance Indicators (KPIs).
- 4.2 Through quarterly performance reporting at Cabinet, Cabinet Members will be able to keep track of our progress against agreed performance targets, and ultimately, our progress against delivery of the vision and priorities.
- 4.3 This report provides a performance update at Quarter 1 (1st April 2018 30th June 2018) against the key performance indicators for 2018/19 (Appendix 2).
- 4.4 The KPIs are reported with a RAG rating, based on performance against target. Where relevant, in-year targets have been set to take into account seasonal trends / variations, as well as provide performance milestones. Assessing performance against in-year targets will make it easier to identify progress at each quarter,

allowing for actions to be taken to ensure performance remained on track with the aim of reaching the overall target for the year.

5 Performance Summary - Key Performance Indicators

5.1 To report the latest performance in a concise manner, a number of symbols are incorporated in the report. Please refer to the table below for a summary of each symbol and an explanation of their meaning.

Symbol	Detail
1	Performance has improved when compared to the previous quarter and against the same quarter last year.
↔	Performance has remained static when compared to the previous quarter and against the same quarter last year.
ſ	Performance has deteriorated when compared to the previous quarter and against the same quarter last year.
G	Performance is expected to achieve or has exceeded the target.
Α	Performance is within 10% of the target.
R	Performance is 10% or more off the target.

5.2 The table below provides a summary at Quarter 1 2018/19 of the direction of travel for all KPIs. Depending on the measure, direction of travel is determined by comparing performance with the same period last year (Quarter 1 2017/18), or performance from the previous reporting period (Quarter 4 2017/18). This should be considered in the context of significant budget reductions and our continuation to improve services.

Direction of travel			
1	↔	↓ ↓	N/A
22	1	14	10
(44%)	(2%)	(28%)	(20%)

5.3 The following table provides a summary of the number of indicators with either a Red, Amber of Green rating, according to their performance against the 2018/19 target.

RAG Rating against 2018/19 target			
G	Α	R	N/A
14	18	2	13
(28%)	(36%)	(4%)	(26%)

6 Key Performance Indicators – Rated Not Applicable (n/a)

6.1 At Quarter 1, some indicators have been allocated a Direction of Travel, or RAG Rating of 'Not Applicable'. The reasons for which are set out in the tables below.

Reason for Not Applicable Direction of Travel	Number of indicators
New indicator for 2018/19 / Historical data not available	7
Awaiting data	3

Reason for Not Applicable RAG rating	Number of indicators
Good performance neither high or low – no target set	8
Awaiting data / target	5

7 Focus on Performance

7.1 For Quarter 1 2018/19 performance reporting, focus has been given to a selection of indicators which are presenting good performance against target or areas where performance is showing a level of deterioration since last year and falling short of the target. It is hoped that by focusing on specific indicators, senior management and Members will be able to challenge performance and identify where remedial action may be required.

7.2 Improved Performance

<u>The percentage of 16 to 18 year olds who are not in education, employment, or training (NEET) or who have Unknown Destinations</u>

At Quarter 1, the percentage of the boroughs 16 to 18-year olds who are NEET is 4.4% - well below the national (5.9%) and London (4.7%) average.

To maintain performance, a 'What Next?' careers fair is to be held on 31st August to provide early intervention for those at risk of NEET following GCSE and 'A' Level results.

A further workshop is to be held in October with key Cabinet Members to agree additional actions to reduce NEETs, with a particular focus on Care Leavers and those leaving Alternative Provision.

7.3 Areas for Improvement

The weight of waste recycled per household (kg)

The weight of waste recycled in Quarter 1 is showing a 10% decrease compared to the same period last year.

The reasons for a reduction is believed to be a result of recycling rates at Frizlands Reuse and Recycling Centre, particularly regarding green waste, due in part to the poor dry weather.

Also, despite communication campaigns and engagement, contamination of brown bins has been particularly high, averaging 40% compared to a more acceptable level of 10-15%.

To address these issues, the Waste Minimisation Team continue to tackle the issue of contamination as part of the kerbside collection. The Team also responds to direct reports of contamination from crews and supervisors and directly engaging the residents, instructing, and educating to resolve contamination from households. Addressing these issues will be crucial to maintain the recycling rate over the coming year.

8. Consultation

8.1 The data and commentary in this report were considered and endorsed by the Corporate Performance Group at is meeting on 23 August 2018.

9. Financial Implications

Implications completed by: Katherine Heffernan, Group Manager – Service Finance

9.1 There are no specific financial implications as a result of this report; however, in light of current financial constraints it is imperative that Officers ensure that these key performance indicators are delivered within existing budgets. These budgets will be monitored through the existing monitoring process to identify and address potential issues and also any benefits as a result of improved performance on a timely basis.

10. Legal Implications

Implications completed by: Implications completed by: Dr. Paul Feild, Senior Corporate Governance Solicitor

10.1 The delivery of the vision and priorities will be achieved through the key accountabilities and monitored quarterly. As this report is for noting, there are no legal implications.

11. Other Implications

- 11.1 **Risk Management -** There are no specific risks associated with this report. The corporate plan report and ongoing monitoring will enable the Council to identify risks early and initiate any mitigating action. The Council's business planning process describes how risks are mitigated by linking with the corporate risk register.
- 11.2 **Contractual Issues -** Any contractual issues relating to delivering activities to meet borough priorities will be identified and dealt with in individual project plans.
- 11.3 **Staffing Issues –** There are no specific staffing implications.

- 11.4 **Corporate Policy and Equality Impact -** The vision and priorities give a clear and consistent message to residents and partners in Barking and Dagenham about the Council's role in place shaping, community leadership and ensuring no-one is left behind. The key accountabilities and KPIs monitored allow the Council to track delivery ensuring resources and activity are effectively targeted to help achieve the vision and priorities.
- 11.5 **Safeguarding Adults and Children -** The priority **Enabling social responsibility** encompasses activities to safeguard children and vulnerable adults in the borough. The Council monitor a number of indicators corporately which relate to Children's safeguarding and vulnerable adults. By doing so the Council can ensure it continues to discharge its duties.
- 11.6 **Health Issues -** The priority **Enabling social responsibility** encompasses activities to support the prevention and resolution of health issues in the borough and is delivered through the Health and Wellbeing Board. The borough has a number of health challenges, with our residents having significantly worse health outcomes than national averages, including lower life expectancy, and higher rates of obesity, diabetes and smoking prevalence. Although delivery of health services is not the responsibility of the Council, together with health partners the Council is committed to tackling the health issues prevalent in the borough.
- 11.7 **Crime and Disorder Issues -** The priority **Encouraging civic pride** encompasses activities to tackle crime and disorder issues and will be delivered through the Community Safety Partnership. Whilst high level indicators provide Cabinet with an overview of performance, more detailed indicators are monitored locally. Data for the borough shows that Barking and Dagenham is a relatively safe borough with low crime. There is some work for the Council and partners to do to tackle the perception of crime and safety.

Public Background Papers Used in the Preparation of the Report: None

List of appendices:

- Appendix 1: Progress against Key Accountabilities 2018/19
- Appendix 2: Key Performance Indicators Performance at Quarter 1 2018/19

What we will deliver in 2018/19

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
Community Leadership and Engagement		
Deliver the Cohesion Strategy and dedicate Faith Policy.	Tom Hook	 The cohesion and integration strategy and the faith policy are both scheduled for Cabinet in January 2019. Progress to date includes: Submission to MHCLG Green paper consultation on integration Engagement with internal stakeholders, Barking and Dagenham Delivery Partnership VCS and residents A tender is about to be let to support interfaith work in the borough Work with the existing faith forum, where the officer roles changed at the last AGM
Implement the Connected Communities Fund and the Counter Extremism Programmes.	Tom Hook	 Funding of £1.4 has been allocated to Barking and Dagenham for the Connected communities programme. To date: The officer to run the programme is in post; two of the commissions for support to interfaith work in the borough and the community amplifiers programme are out to tender; staff are being recruited and other elements of the programme are in place. Counter extremism programme: the current member of staff left in early June, recruitment complete and new officer will be in post October 2018. Belief in Barking and Dagenham newsletter circulated Keep B and D Hate Free session facilitated with partners IDAHO and Human library event ran
Continue to develop Every One Every Day, monitoring impact and outcomes.	Tom Hook	The spring programme of Every One Every Day ended in April (over 100 events) with the next programme running from June - August 2018. EOED took part in Dag Fest and One Borough Day. The funders board met in June 2018 and agreed the next funding release. The developmental evaluation of year 1 will be published in September 2018.
Support the development of the community and voluntary sector, including a Local Giving Model.	Tom Hook	A Civil Society strategy paper is scheduled for Cabinet in November 2018, which includes the local giving model. The development of a local giving model is moving forward. Practical measures have been implemented to support local groups with the establishment of a local B&D Lottery and match-funded Crowd Funding

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
		scheme. The Council is currently consulting on how to run its NCIL process which will launch early 2019.
		Core funding to BDCVS has been reduced but has for 2018/19 been replaced to a significant extent with project funding for the development of a vision for the sector and requirements for infrastructure support going forward. This will report in winter 2018/19 and will dovetail with the development of an overarching Civil Society.
Continue to strengthen the Barking and Dagenham Delivery Partnership to work towards the vision of the Borough Manifesto.	Tom Hook	The State of the Borough Conference will be taking place on 27 th September at Londoneast UK. An accompanying State of the Borough report will provide an annual update on the progress made towards delivering the Borough Manifesto targets in year 1. The report will be presented to partners and members of the wider community at the conference. The conference provides an opportunity to showcase the successes of the last year and collectively consider how we can work better as a partnership to deliver the Borough Manifesto vision. Work is also ongoing with Barking and Dagenham Delivery Partnership to develop it into a partnership that is able to drive change in the borough and work together collaboratively to achieve the manifesto vision.
Deliver the master plans and commercialisation of Parsloes Park and Central Park.	Tom Hook	 Parsloes Park Plans are progressing well to develop new sporting and community facilities in Parsloes Park. In brief the proposed facility mix will comprise: New changing facilities incorporating 8 team changing rooms (suitable for use by children and adult teams) and changing rooms for officials; 55 station gym, dance studio and gym change; Bar and café and social space Public toilets and disabled toilets (to changing places standard) 3 artificial grass pitches with floodlighting that can be used for 11-a-side football matches and compartmentalised to accommodate multiple mini, junior and five-a-side games being played simultaneously. The total construction cost of the new facilities is estimated to be c£7 million. £1 million of this total is being funded by the Council (£400,000 capital funding and
		£600,000 CIL funding) and the balance has been or is expected to be secured from the Football Foundation, Sport England, London Marathon Charitable Trust, GLA, and s106 developer contributions.

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
		If all the necessary funding is secured, it is expected that the planning application for the scheme will be considered in January 2019 and work will start on site in March 2019 with the new facilities operational in time to be used during the 2019/20 football season.
		Central Park
		A feasibility study has been undertaken to investigate how it might be possible to implement some elements of the Central Park masterplan proposals at no cost to the Council.
		It outlines an innovative proposal to generate income from the importation of inert material from building sites across London and the South East, which will be utilised to create a new landscape in the park.
		It is estimated that the income generated will be c£1.7 million. However, income and cost certainty will only be confirmed when planning approval has been given and the necessary licence from the Environment Agency has been granted.
		It is proposed to utilise a proportion of the income from the soil importation to realise the following park improvements:
		 New adventure play area Pump track (for BMX bikes) Toddler BMX facility Mountain bike loop New pathways New trees Wild flower meadows
		Consultation about the proposal will start in September 2018 and a report about the scheme will be presented to Cabinet in October 2018. It is expected that the planning application for the scheme will be submitted by December 2018, which would enable a licence from the Environment Agency to be awarded by July 2019, and for works to start on site in August 2019 and to be completed in 2021.

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
Key Accountability Implement the improvement plan funded by Community Interest Levy (CIL).		Quarter 1 2018/19 Update Cabinet agreed (19/06/18) to Community Infrastructure Levy funding being allocated to the following strategic projects: Parsloes Park 'Parklife' project - £600,000 Children's Play Spaces and Facilities - £275,000 over five years Parks and Open Spaces Strategy implementation - £500,000 over five years This funding will be used as Council match funding to support external funding bids for park capital schemes as well as to enable the delivery of a 'quick wins' programme of park improvements. A s106 developer contribution of £350,000 has been earmarked from the Beam Park housing scheme for new sports facilities in Parsloes Park. Collaborative working with community groups and residents has enabled funding to be secured to build two new state of the art play facilities to replace poor quality and life expired facilities at Tantony Green and Valence Park. Both new facilities will be installed during 2018/19 and c£440,000 external funding has been secured to enable the schemes to be delivered. Council capital funding has been committed to re-instate the BMX track at Old Dagenham Park and these works have now been tendered and will be implemented during 2018/19. The Council has committed capital funding of £200,000 (£50,000 a year for four years, 2017-2020) for Fixed Play Facility Enhancements. Schemes already or near to completion include: • St. Chads - £20,000 (completed)
		Mayesbrook Park - £40,000 (near completion)
Renew focus on community heritage assets and develop a new offer including the East End Women's Museum and Industrial Heritage Museum feasibility.	Tom Hook	Eastbury Manor House Work is underway with the National Trust (owners of Eastbury Manor House) to agree a new vision for the house, which will inform the development of a design and cost plan for the final phase of capital investment at the site.

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
		This is intended to provide new toilets, catering, and social/education space to improve income generation, footfall and volunteering opportunities as well as enhance the visitor experience by 'dressing' the house in a way that better tells its story and those of its former-inhabitants. It is proposed that a funding bid to meet the cost of the majority of the proposed works f will be submitted to the Heritage Lottery Fund in spring 2019.
		Abbey Ruins, Abbey Green and St Margaret's church
		In December 2017 a Stage 1 application was made to the Heritage Lottery Fund (HLF), with the Council as the lead partner, for a £4.462 million improvement project with a £3,592,200 grant request from the HLF. The HLF rejected the application in March 2018 due to insufficient funds.
		A feedback meeting has been held with the HLF and as a result the improvement programme is now being re-worked into a series of distinct projects that can be delivered in a phased approach. The first such bid will be made in early 2019. It is not feasible to do this any sooner because the HLF is currently reviewing its grants framework, which will be re-launched in 2019.
		East End Women's Museum
		A Heritage Lottery Fund grant (£81,000) has been secured by the East End Women's Museum to meet the costs of a 'pop up' programme of exhibitions, talks, workshops and events during 2018, and which are a cornerstone of the borough- wide HerStory programme that commemorates the centenary of women securing the right to vote and to honour women past and present who help drive change for equality.
		Cabinet has approved the terms of lease and other support for the Museum, which has now been established as a community interest company (CIC).
		The Museum was officially launched in January 2018. It is anticipated that the Museum itself will open in the early part of 2020 but this is wholly dependent on the completion of the housing development in which it will be sited.
		Work has now started on the internal design plan for the museum, which will be

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
		subject to further funding bids during 2018 and 2019. Industrial heritage museum
		Following a review of the different options that have so far been produced, the feasibility study for a new heritage and culture centre on the site of the former-Ford StampIng Plant is now being finalised. This will enable Members to make a decision about whether there is a robust and sustainable business case for the proposal and how it could be funded
Ensure culture is a driver of change through the Borough of Culture Schemes, Creative Enterprise Zone, Summer of Festivals & Alderman Jones's House. Planning for the Centenary Celebration of Becontree Estate (Festival of Suburbia).	Tom Hook	London Borough of Culture The Council has secured funding of £233,000 from the London Borough of Culture funding pot and an additional £30,000 in business sponsorship to deliver a three year creative programme with looked after children, care leavers and older people. The programme will be delivered in partnership with the Serpentine Gallery, the Foundling Museum and several local arts organisations. Project delivery will start in September 2018.
		Creative Enterprise Zone A grant of £50,000 has been secured from the GLA to enable detailed research to be undertaken that has informed the development of an evidence base and action plan for the establishment of Roding Made - the Barking Creative Enterprise Zone, which will bring together artists, local businesses and landowners to create and develop new jobs, establish and secure new spaces for creative production and open up opportunities for talented young people who are considering careers in the creative industries.
		It is intended that the Roding Made action plan will be presented to Cabinet for adoption at its meeting on 16 October 2018. Summer of Festivals The delivery of the Summer of Festivals programme for 2018 is underway. The programme so far (Barking Folk Festival, Steam and Cider Fair and One Borough

vell received by residents. The Events team has ance to enable more events by the community to as. Is us that attendance at Summer of Festival one up for the third year running. The same is ongst residents about the Summer of Festivals
one up for the third year running. The same is
residents for similar events to be presented in
0 th anniversary of the Becontree Estate
tate is 2021 and plans are now being developed significance to be celebrated in the way it
d Jones is located in the heart of the Becontree that it can be used as live/work space for artists e Valence House Museum and Local Studies hite House, Alderman Jones's House will be a ntenary programme.
hip with Create London to develop and deliver is anticipated will include a commissioned s organisations as well as projects with national and, it is hoped, a programme of public realm
cured, it is intended that an initial and fairly start in 2019 culminating in a major year long

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update			
Equalities and Diversity	Equalities and Diversity				
Implement the Equality and Diversity Strategy action plan.	Tom Hook	The Equalities and Diversity strategy 2017-2021 sets out the Councils vision to tackle equality and diversity issues across the borough and within the Council. It sets out an action which will be monitored and reported annually. The first annual update will be presented to the portfolio holder in October.			
Continue to promote the Gender Equality Charter.	Tom Hook	Since the launch of the Gender Equality Charter, over 150 organisations have signed up to the pledge showing their commitment to gender equality. The new portfolio holder is currently reviewing the action plan ensuring it builds on the success of previous years. The action plan will aim to address issues related to all genders and be broader than just issues affecting women.			
Celebrate equality and diversity events, and where possible, enable community groups to take the lead.	Tom Hook	The Her Story events throughout the year have been a success and will continue until the end of the year. For the first time ever, Barking and Dagenham had a float at Pride London and we proudly showed our support for the LGBT+ community. Plans are in place for BHM, with the Council supporting the community to take the lead to put on events.			
Continue the Council's vision to be an Exemplar Equalities Employer, working towards Investors in People gold standard.	Tom Hook	The Council achieved silver level when assessed against the tougher Investors in People standard. We will retain this until our next assessment in October 2020. A 12-month review with our Investors in People assessor will be undertaken in late 2018 and 24-month review in late 2019.			
		Progress against the standard to reach gold level were set out in the Assessor's report. The following actions have been put in place.			
		 An all staff temperature check has been undertaken in June/July 2018 which tracks our progress against the standard and employee engagement. The temperature check demonstrates that employee engagement levels have increased, and the values of the organisation are seen to continue to be embedded. This specifically meets the requirement to continue to assess the views of staff and has been analysed by service. Early scoping of behaviours and culture change has begun to help develop a new organisational development strategy. 			

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
		• The Leadership and Management development programme for cohorts 2 and 3 has been delivered. The programme for other managers is under development.
Promote a partnership approach to tackling equality and diversity issues through the development of the Fairness and Equalities sub-group.	Tom Hook	Tackling equality and diversity issues is not something the Council can do alone. It requires the support of everyone. The Barking and Dagenham Delivery Partnership therefore agreed to set up a Fairness and Equalities sub-group tasked with bringing a partnership approach to tackling inequality. The group met for the first time in July with lots of positive steps identified to try work together in addressing equality and diversity issues affecting the borough.
Public Realm	1	
Redesign all services delivered by Public Realm to meet the agreed budget and service standards.	Robert Overall	Final stages of the service change are now in process with the recruitment of over 60 staff to replace agency staff and fill vacancies within the service. These will start to arrive in post from the end of August 18 through to Nov 18.
Embed the new street cleansing operating model.	Robert Overall	Following the finalisation of the recruitment process the new cleansing model will be launched in September 18 and fully embedded by Dec 18.
Work with Enforcement to help drive behavioural change with regard to waste and flytipping	Robert Overall	Joint initiatives with Enforcement over fly tipping are being launched in Sept 18. New materials alerting the public that the Council are investigating a specific fly tip have been developed. Communication strategy around waste behaviour change being launched to coincide with the national recycling week in the second half of Sept 18.
Develop the procurement strategy for the replacement of our vehicle fleet.	Robert Overall	Cabinet have approved the business case for replacement. Procurement process has now started with vehicles expected to be progressively delivered from November 18 until April 19 depending on lead times for order and delivery.
Enforcement and Community Safety		
Develop a new borough wide Private Licensing Scheme to be agreed by MHCLG.	Fiona Taylor	The evidence base for the proposed new scheme has been fully scoped out and it with counsel. It was felt that we needed senior counsel opinion prior to the proposed scheme being put forward for full consultation. It is anticipated that counsel opinion and the full consultation document will be completed by Friday 31 st August and the consultation will commence week commencing 3 rd September.

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
		Consultation will be for a 12-week period. Submission to MHCLG will be made in December 2018. Recent talks with MHCLG indicate that a decision will take 3-4 months, allowing us ample time to implement a new scheme prior to September 2019, when the current scheme expires.
Implement the Parking Strategy and agreed subsequent parking schemes.	Fiona Taylor	The parking fees and charges report was adopted in July 2018 and set out a range of changes to the charging structure for pay and display, permits and the introduction of the of a diesel surcharge. It also introduces proposals for increasing the range of CPZ schemes in the borough, consolidating existing schemes and expanding CPZ's around schools. A CPZ policy has been developed for approval at cabinet in September 2018. Implementation of the new charging structure for diesel surcharge has been delayed due to issues with Ringo. However, officers have been working with Chipside to identify an alternative process and aim to have this in place by the end of September 2018.
Develop the BCU to deliver Local solutions for policing in the borough.	Fiona Taylor	Lobbying of MOPAC for additional policing resources has commenced and a document setting the borough "ask" has been submitted. Agreement has been reached with the East BCU to establish and Integrated Gangs Unit to be based in Barking. There are still significant challenges in fully utilising the combined enforcement capability across the police, council and other key services. There are weekly tasking meetings in place which are having some positive results but more formalised information of resource availability and intelligence needs further development.
Maintain focus on serious youth violence through the work of the Community Safety Partnership.	Fiona Taylor	Serious youth violence remains a core feature of the community safety partnership. The Community Safety Plan 2018-21 is being finalised and has "keeping children and young people safe" and "tackling serious violence" as two of its six priorities. A draft knife crime action plan has been developed. The Community Safety Partnership have developed a long term, trauma informed model to address serious violence which it being presented at the Community safety Partnership Board in September 2018. External funding is being sought to support in the delivery of this model.

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
Social Care and Health Integration		
Publish a new Health and Wellbeing Strategy 2018-2023.	Elaine Allegretti	The update of the 2019-2023 Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy is currently being developed, focusing on three themes agreed by Health and Wellbeing Board – Best Start in Life, Early Diagnosis and Intervention and Building Resilience. 12 resident focus groups with 128 residents have been held within community groups in the borough to formulate the 'I' statements featured within each theme of the strategy to outline what good health looks to residents. In July, three stakeholder workshops, one on each theme, were held partners to discuss the outcomes and measures to be used within the strategy - a total of 88 attendees attended all 3 workshops. The draft document to be approved for consultation will go to Health and Wellbeing Board on November 7 th , which will be followed by a 10-week consultation period and the approval of the final document for publication on March 12 ^{th.}
Complete the transformation of the Disability Service.	Elaine Allegretti	Internal review work has considered the next steps for the transformation of the Disability Service, as well as the reasons for the difficulty in containing spend within the service. External support from the Social Care Institute for Excellence has been contracted and is working to complete an external review of the model for the service to identify next steps. The commissioning support to the Disability Service has been enhanced and a number of pieces of work are underway to improve availability of high quality supported living.
Deliver campaigns to raise awareness of safeguarding issues.	Elaine Allegretti	For adults, work is planned to repeat or build on the previously successful Christmas safeguarding campaign to encourage people to 'look out for' older neighbours. Materials are in development for an Autumn launch to raise the profile of the need and ability to report problems in the delivery of care and support to adults. For Children this has become a core campaign on the Comms Team Forward Plan for this year, and an outline is being drafted for future consideration.
Change our approach and systems for keeping children and young people safe from exploitation.	Elaine Allegretti	• The development of the Target Operating Model v2.0 (TOM2) is well underway, supported by colleagues from Mutual Ventures (an external agency specialising in Children's Social Care improvement).

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
		 TOM2 places at its' heart a shift towards the embedding of Contextual Safeguarding in how children are safeguarded (not just from the Local Authority perspective) but across the wider partnership. A bid has been submitted to the University of Bedfordshire to be a Phase 2 pilot- area for the implementation of Contextual Safeguarding. A core plank of the work in this area is to respond more holistically to those children at risk of exploitation, whatever form that may take. As part of the early implementation of TOM2 a specialist Exploitation Team has been established in Children's Social Care. Work is underway with partners – through the Safeguarding Board – to develop a multi-agency response to exploitation, underpinned by a coherent strategy and set of systems.
		Considerable work has been done on further developing assurance systems and processes, including the High-Risk Notifications systems to improve line-of-sight and ensure significant risk to children is identified quickly and at the correct level to ensure an appropriately swift response.
	Elaine Allegretti	Continuous improvement of services and outcomes is a key component of business as usual for the Care and Support and partners. Ofsted provides an opportunity to support and challenge current ways of working and their impact on improving the lives of vulnerable children and their families
Deliver a good Ofsted inspection outcome.		New strengthened arrangements have been put in place for improvement work areas including those to improving local contextual approach to those at risk of exploitation and missing, supporting consistency in quality of management oversight, ensuring transparent and effective systems and processes, increasing those children that are adopted and ensuring the child's voice is consistently evidenced in assessment, planning and support.
		We continue to build on practice improvements since last inspection such as work to support children to remain at home with their families rather than enter care, improving stability for looked after children including good foster care support and the innovative Mockingbird programme, and embedding and reviewing new arrangements to MASH and Early Help.

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update	
Reboot the health integration agenda, including delivering a vision for health and wellbeing at Barking Riverside.	Elaine Allegretti	The Integrated Care Partnership Board has been reshaping its agenda, with the active involvement of Barking & Dagenham officers and the leadership of the Chair of the Board, Barking & Dagenham's Cabinet Member for Social Care & Health Integration. The new programme will be set out and agreed in full at a workshop on 1 October 2018 but has been agreed in principle to include four transformation workstreams around older people, planned care, long-term conditions and mental health. Priority projects have been set out around frailty, intermediate care, atrial fibrillation, and diabetes. Barking Riverside is also established as a flagship project of the three-borough partnership. Starting with a special workshop at the Health & Wellbeing Board, the vision for Barking Riverside as a healthy town will be shaped in a series of workshops through the late summer, in order to inform a brief for the design and construction of the Health & Wellbeing Hub.	
Respond appropriately to the Social Care Green Paper on older people and the Children's Social Work Act.	Elaine Allegretti	Publication of the social care green paper is awaited. In the interim, the Council has responded to the consultation led by the Local Government Association on their own social care proposals.	
Strengthen the understanding of corporate parenting responsibility with every Member playing their part.	Elaine Allegretti	 Group membership has been reviewed and all new members have been fully inducted. Each key promise is being led by a member Annual Reports have been completed and performance reports have been refreshed. The agenda for the year has been set and was led by the Child Take Over Day and strategies reviewed. A pre-assessment training session has been arranged. 	
Develop strategy and proactive campaign of work to end loneliness.	Elaine Allegretti	This work remains in development and is due to be launched in the New Year.	
Educational Attainment and School Improvement	Educational Attainment and School Improvement		
Develop a new Education and Participation Strategy.	Elaine Allegretti	Development of the new draft Education & Participation Strategy for 2018-22 is underway and scheduled for approval by Cabinet in November. A draft setting out key priorities has been developed in consultation with the borough's Headteachers, Barking and Dagenham College, the 14-19 Partnership and the Barking and	

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
		Dagenham (BAD) Youth Forum, among others. The strategy's priorities focus on the following outcomes:
		 All children and young people have a place in a school or early years' setting judged 'Good' or 'Outstanding' by Ofsted. Exceeding national and then London standards where we have not already achieved this. Improving opportunities for young people post-16 and post-18 and reducing numbers of young people not in education, employment or training. Supporting the wellbeing and resilience of children and young people and the educational settings which nurture them.
		Maximising the Council's levers and influences to raise aspirations and increase opportunities for all children and young people.
Elaine A	Elaine Allegretti	A review of the current Special Education Needs and/or Disabilities (SEND) and Inclusion Strategy has been undertaken and is being discussed with officers, at portfolio meetings and with parents' groups.
		From this review, some key priorities for the future plan are emerging. These will be presented for final discussion and then will be widely consulted on.
		Emerging themes include:
Publish a new Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Strategy 2019- 2022.		 Developing the right provision-and managing within a tight financial envelope. Promoting independence. Preparing for adulthood with a specific focus on employment and training. Development of therapies, particularly speech and language therapy. Mental health support. Involvement of children, young people and their families in the planning and designing of their own provision.
		Once agreed the priorities will form the basis of the joint commissioning plan.
Ensure that school place planning is meeting demand by creating new places, both mainstream and specialist provision.	Elaine Allegretti	The Review of School Places and Capital Investment was approved by Cabinet on 17 th July setting out how the Council intends to use capital grants to fund new pupil places over the next 5 years. This can be viewed at

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
		https://modgov.lbbd.gov.uk/Internet/documents/s124967/Review%20of%20School %20Places%20Report.pdf
		The Council's annual School Capacity Survey (SCAP 18), which is our future pupil projections, was submitted in July to the DfE. This will include a follow up meeting in September to agree final figures prior to DCS approval. This submission is linked to future Basic Need Capital grant allocations and new Free Schools. In addition, the size of the proposed Ford View Primary school will be discussed. The Council's position is that there needs to be a 3 FE (forms of entry) school to accommodate the pupil yield from the Beam Park development. The DfE have currently given approval for a 2 FE Free School, which is not sufficient.
		Major secondary school expansions at Barking Abbey and Robert Clack Schools are underway. New facilities will become available from September 18 for increasing roll numbers.
		All School projects are being delivered by BeFirst.
	Elaine Allegretti	Following the BAD Youth Forum's elections in January, Barking and Dagenham's first male Young Mayor was appointed in February. Fundraising activities have been taking place against the Young Mayor's nominated charity, a London-wide homeless charity. The Forum has conducted a number of formal consultations in this quarter, including around supporting teacher recruitment and the borough's Healthy Lifestyles programme. Intergenerational projects are also planned.
Improve engagement with young people to incorporate their voices into Council policy.		Around 70 inspections have been conducted by the borough's young inspectors this year to date, helping to shape and improve sexual health services for young people.
		A SEND stakeholder forum is in development to strategically engage with young people with SEND, with Purple Penguins (a club for children aged 6-18 years with a disability or additional needs) - engaged in Q1.
		The boroughs' first Youth Information Advice and Guidance meeting is planned for Q2, based on a Redbridge model of good practice in engaging young people with

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
		the Police. This will see engagement from a diverse range of young people from a range of programmes.
Employment, Skills and Aspiration	1	
Develop the Job Shop and Adult College new work and skills offer.	Mark Fowler	The restructure of the job shop and adult college has commenced with phase, the management tier on track to be completed at the end of October 2018. The redesign has been devised in conjunction with the ongoing work on the industrial skills strategy and response to welfare reform and the impacts of the homelessness reduction act.
Develop a new Locality Strategy for Community Solutions, to maximise the use of assets and shape an integrated local offer.	Mark Fowler	The initial phase of work has been completed, considering all of the relevant socio demographic indicators and assets by ward. The next phase will include matching our assets and services against need, to help set out the first phase of the program to commence in October 2018.
Work collaboratively with partners to develop a Barking and Dagenham Employment Framework.	Mark Fowler	Detailed analysis and mapping undertaken to set out a clear picture in relation to the local economy, key sectors, business base, workforce skills and labour market participation among the local population. This will now be used to develop the Employment Framework – initially through the stock take of progress since the publication of the Independent Growth Commission.
Agree a strategic and practical level approach to business and employer engagement.	Mark Fowler	Our approach will sit and be developed as part of the industrial, jobs and skills strategy whilst also linked to the restructure of our job offer and adult education.
Continue development of clear progression pathways and post-18 opportunities for young people.	Mark Fowler	A key part of our industrial, jobs and skills and education & participation strategies is to consider the relevant pathways for various customer cohorts across the borough, a key area of which is our approach to opportunities post 18.
Hold a series of events to promote employment opportunities to local residents.	Mark Fowler	We held 3 job fairs in Qtr 1, 1 more than the year before, with further 8 planned this year. Work taster sessions are being developed along with consideration in how we can develop take your child wot work days later in the year.

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
Finalise the Homelessness Strategy, focusing on homelessness prevention and reducing numbers in temporary accommodation.	Mark Fowler	Analytical and scoping work being completed to inform the development of a draft strategy, due to go to Cabinet by the end of the year (linking closely with work on an updated Allocations policy). Work also being undertaken on how we can better meet the housing needs of vulnerable residents in need of specialist accommodation.
Monitor the impact of the Universal Credit roll out and address any emerging issues.	Mark Fowler	We have linked the work in this area to the borough's successful approach of troubled families. In Qtr 1 we have reviewed the data in relation to households that we feel will best benefit from the holistic approach and increased independence.
Regeneration and Social Housing		
Deliver the Be First regeneration and housing pipeline.	Graeme Cooke	Be First is making strong progress in accelerating the pace and scale of regeneration in the borough, including through the original 44 investment schemes. It is also focusing on securing key socio-economic benefits for residents, such as through strong local labour clauses in its forthcoming framework contracts for construction activity.
Work with Be First to identify further, future regeneration and development opportunities.	Graeme Cooke	Over the past 12 months, Be First has reviewed the existing regeneration schemes and identified new ones with the result that it has expanded the five-year pipeline for new housing to 3,840 from the 2,200 it inherited from the council (including a significant expansion in the number of affordable homes).
Identify the need and demand for future housing supply, to inform the Local Plan and commissioning intentions for Be First.	Graeme Cooke	Work on the Strategic Housing Market Assessment is due to conclude in September. Over the last three months, a Housing Insight Model has been in development which will integrate a range of data sources on local housing need, demand and affordability to support key policy decisions (such as the desired tenure mix in Be First developments).
Transition Reside to the next phase of delivery, ready to let, manage and increase the number of affordable homes.	Graeme Cooke	Work has taken place to develop proposals for the Reside Board on the future structure, governance model and operational management arrangements for the company. These will be embodied in a refreshed partnership agreement between the council.

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
Agree key policies and strategies for Reside.	Graeme Cooke	A comprehensive review of Reside's policies – and the legal framework underpinning them- is underway. These will result in an updated policy framework (or commissioning mandate) within which Reside will operate.
Update allocations policy for HRA and Reside properties.	Graeme Cooke	A review of the current allocations policy for HRA and Reside is underway. Proposals for changes will come to Cabinet by the end of the year (linked closely to work on homelessness and Temporary Accommodation).
Deliver the Sustainable Housing Project and shape the future of the Street Purchasing Programme.	Graeme Cooke	A consultation is underway with local residents on the Sustainable Housing Project, which is due to close on 12 th September.
Agree property standards across new and existing HRA and Reside properties.	Graeme Cooke	Work has recently finished to agree a consolidated set of Employers Requirements for all future Be First/Reside developments (with agreed protocols for any variations). Plans are also underway to test these ERs – and the housing standards they embody – in the council's existing stock of social homes.
Agree a new Corporate Asset Management Strategy (CAMS), shaping a long-term investment plan, based on the stock condition survey.	Graeme Cooke	The stock condition survey has been completed and results are due shortly. Work on the CAMS itself will begin in earnest from September, drawing on the results of the survey and linking to the HRA business plan and the capital programme.
Ensure all existing council housing meet the Decent Homes standard.	Graeme Cooke	On target to achieve Decent Homes standard by the end of the financial year. Verification will be provided by stock condition survey data due to be published in November.
Deliver on-going Tower Blocks safety improvement works.	Graeme Cooke	Ongoing programme developed that covers requirements identified through regular Fire Risk assessments. Gas safety replacement programme has been developed and currently the identified blocks are being assessed for enough electrical capacity.
Lead the development of a 'Green Capital of the Capital' Strategy, incorporating the future direction of B&D Energy and rollout of Beam Energy.	Graeme Cooke	Preparations for the launch of Beam Energy continued, working to a target launch date of the end of the year. A review of the future direction of B&D Energy (the council's energy services company) is being carried out.

Key Accountability	Strategic Director	Quarter 1 2018/19 Update
Finance, Performance and Core Services		
Embed a performance challenge process for the corporate performance framework.	Chief Operating Officer	Work is progressing on the development of key performance dashboards which will show how the New Kind of Council is working
Develop a clear Medium-Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) and robust budget monitoring.	Chief Operating Officer	Update on MTFS was presented to July Cabinet. Nee budget monitoring report to be presented to September Cabinet
Review and monitor the Investment and Acquisition Strategy.	Chief Operating Officer	Work with Be First is ongoing to review and develop new investment opportunities.
Deliver excellent customer services.	Chief Operating Officer	New look website is being embedded with positive feedback being received. New e-forms being added with take being monitored. Call reduction to the contact centre is also being demonstrated.
Maintain excellent Treasury Management.	Chief Operating Officer	Annual report presented to Assembly in July.
Re-design the Commissioning Centre of the Council.	Chief Operating Officer	Work on individual business cases being undertaken.

Community Leadership and Engagement – Key Performance Indicators 2018/19

Definition	months within any area of Cultu	teered their time in the previous 3 are and Recreation or been deploye pordinator Culture and Recreation.		This indicator measures the average monthly number of active volunteers that support Culture and Recreation, Healthy Lifestyle Adult Social Care activities.		
What good looks like	We are working towards a cont active volunteers within the bor	Why this indicator is important	Volunteering not only benefits the individual volunteer by increa their skills and experience, it also has a significant impact on the health and wellbeing on the community as a whole.			
History with this indicator	is a result of increased awarene diversity of roles on offer and the	istorically the number of active volunteers has been increasing. This a result of increased awareness of volunteering opportunities, the versity of roles on offer and the corporate shift to deliver some of the library offer to the community and volunteers at 2 sites.		• Volunteering can be more frequent during Summer months particularly in support of outdoor events programmes such as Summer of Festivals.		-
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3		Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 4 2016/17
2017/18	247					
Target	200	200	200		200	\blacksquare \land
2017/18	205	225	228		230	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
G	Across the first quarter of 2018-2019 (April to June) there was an average of 247 active volunteers. This exceeds the monthly target figure of 200 by 47 and is 123.5% of the target figure. The target figure for 2018-2019 was retained at 200 to reflect the seasonal variation in volunteering and the possible change in opportunities for volunteering with the council wide reorganization settling in. Compared to Quarter 1 in 2017-2018 the figure is 20.49% higher. In terms of volunteer numbers this is 42 volunteers higher than the same period last year. Across 2017-2018 there was an average of 221.17 active volunteers per month A permanent volunteer officer has been appointed to co-ordinate the volunteer offer for Cultural Services and is also working to have more service areas utilizing Better Impact to manage volunteer recruitment and deployment, for example increased activity in Community Solutions – Universal Services has seen Children's Centres volunteer information being recorded on Better Impact and included in reporting.	The success in maintaining volunteering numbers and the reason for the introduction of a higher target figure is due to the wide range of volunteer opportunities across the whole of Culture and Recreation and the inclusion of some other services data on Better Impact software. There has been an increase in venues with volunteer opportunities around the borough and the events programme is consistent throughout the year. There are also many public health funded projects running via the Healthy Lifestyles Team. The Volunteer Drivers Scheme and Heritage volunteers have constantly attracted regular volunteer numbers. In addition, the community staffed Libraries also provide regular volunteer opportunities. The regular recruitment programme for volunteers is working well and the variety of opportunities offered are seeing improved retention figures for volunteers across the year. The success of volunteers going on to gain employment with the council is also an incentive for local people to gain experience via volunteering with LBBD.
Benchmarking	Not applicable – Local measure only	

Appendix 2

Definition	The number of engagements	with the Council's Facebook page	How this indicator works	This figure will look at the number of Facebook followers we have.		
What good We are working to increase the number of residents in our social looks like media network.		Why this indicator is important	To track the growth of our social network.			
listory with his ndicator	Reporting in line with the tea	m's targets for the year	Any issues to consider	None at this time.		
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quar	ter 4	DOT from Qtr 4 2017/18
018/19	9,479					•
arget	9,000	10,000	10,500	11,0	11,000	$\mathbf{\Lambda}$
017/18	6,600	7,524	8,145	8,1	45	•
1000 800 600 400 200	0	Quarter 2	Quar	rter 3	Quarter 4	2017/18 2018/19 ————————————————————————————————————
AG Rating	Performance Overview		Actions to sus	tain or improve perform	2000	
AG Natilig	Performance Overview Very pleased with the increased follower rate.			ost engaging content.		

Definition	The number of followers of the Council's Twitter page.		How this indicator works	This figure will look at the number people following our T account.		ople following our Twitter	
What good looks like	Redbridge			Why this indicator is important	Increasing our follower count is key to expanding the reach of our communications.		
History with this indicator	We're aligning this target with the team's performance targets for the year.		Any issues to consider	None at this time.			
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3		Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 4 2017/18
2018/19	11304						•
Target	11000	12,000		13,500		14,000	
2017/18	8917	9419	9,989			10584	_



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
	Very impressed with the rate of growth. Our original target for the year was 12k followers, so I have increased this.	Continue to post engaging content.
Benchmarking	Not applicable – Local measure only	

	LEADERSHIP AND ENGAGEME and Engagement: The number	NT r of One Borough newsletter subscri	bers		Quarter 1 2018/19	
Definition	The number of subscribers to	One Borough newsletter.	How this indicator works	This indicator monitors the number of subscribers we had		
What good looks like			king towards 18,000 subscribers by the end of quarter indicator is important	We are looking to increase the number of residents who feel well informed of local news and key Council decisions. This figure indicate how many subscribers have opted to receive our communications, and therefore we're able to send important messages to.		
History with this ndicator	Due to GDPR, in May 2018 w subscribers (62,000) to resub	e had to erase all data and ask all oscribe to our newsletter.	Any issues to consider	Targets were reviewed following s	ince the introduction of GDPR.	
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 4 2017/18	
2018/19	8,124					
arget	8,000 11,000		15,000	18,000		
2017/18	69,964	69,341	69045	66,341		
		Quarter 2	Qua	nrter 3 Quar	2016/17 2017/18 Target	
RAG Rating	AG RatingPerformance OverviewWe've been very impressed with the number of new subscribers we have had on board since the GDPR resubscription push.		ve • Continue to and busine	tain or improve performance o reach out to stakeholders to encou sses to sign up rganic and paid-for social media can		
enchmarking	No data available					

		LEADERSHIP AND ENGAGEMENT ess of events evaluation (Annual Indicator)			a	uarter 1 20	18/19
Def	Definition The experience: Asking people what they thought of the event and how it could be improved. How this indicator works various cultural events running over the event and how it could be improved. • Cultural behaviour: When they last experienced an arts activity; and where this took place. • Cultural behaviour: When they last experienced an arts activity; • Results are presented in a written evalue.		Impact / success is measured by engaging various cultural events running over the S Results are presented in a written evaluat	e Summer.			
this	story with is See results below. Any issues to consider The outdoor cultural events programme September.			runs from Ju	une to		
Que	Questions				2016/17	2017/18	DOT
3a	3a The percentage of respondents who agree that these annual events should continue				100%	91%	\checkmark
3b The percentage of respondents who agree that these events are a good way for people of different ages and backgrounds			t ages and backgrounds to come together	100%	92%	\checkmark	
3c	3c The percentage of respondents who live in the Borough					64%	\checkmark
3d	The perce	ntage of respondents who were first time attenders at the event			43%		n/a
3e	The perce	ntage of respondents who had attended an arts event in the previous 12	months		56%	64%	$\mathbf{\uparrow}$
3f	The perce	ntage of respondents who heard about the event from LBBD social media	a activity		25%	28%	$\mathbf{\uparrow}$
RAG	G Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance				
r	Results for 2017/18 are included above. To allow comparison the results for the previous year are also included. In the 2017 survey, the question about first time attendance was not asked.		When we asked people what they particularly liked about the events and how they think they could be improved, a number of recurring themes were identified, which on the whole are similar to the responses received in 2016. Positive comments – free entry, atmosphere, good day out, family friendly; and seeing the community come together. Areas for improvement – more seating, cost of rides, more variety of food on sale, price of food, and more arts and crafts stalls.				
Ben	chmarking	Not applicable – Local measure only					

this indicator	2016 Residents' Survey – 54% 2015 Residents' Survey – 53% Dotter refrect the population of barking & Dageman, based representative quota sample. Quotas set on age, gender, eth tenure. Annual Result DOT from 201 53% 53%				
What good looks like History with	Good performance would see higher percentages of residents believing that the Council listens to their concerns. 2017 Residents' Survey – 53%	indicator is important Any issues to	Results give an indication of how responsive the Council is, accordilocal residents.Results were weighted to correct any discrepancies in the sample tobetter reflect the population of Barking & Dagenham, based on a		
Definition	Residents Survey question: 'To what extent does the statement "Listens to the concerns of local residents' apply to your local Council?" The percentage of respondents who responded with either 'A great deal' or 'To some extent'.	How this indicator works Why this	Results via a telephone survey conducted by social research company. For this survey, m purchased by ORS, enabling them to get in c populations. Interviews conducted with 1,10	obile sample was contact with harder to reach D1 residents (adults, 18+).	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
Α	Performance for this indicator has remained static. The Council has carried out a number of major consultations over the past year with residents and has made an effort to encourage residents to get involved. This may have contributed to helping ensure performance did not deteriorate over the last year. However, in order to see real improvements on this indicator the Council needs to be better at responding to the concerns of residents through dealing effectively with service requests. A key part of this is also about setting clear expectations and service standards so that residents know what to expect.	To improve results, the Council needs to ensure it is doing the basics right through business as usual, ensuring the services delivered are relentlessly reliable. Development of campaign plans with key messages for priority areas, as well as continuing to work to improve consultation and engagement.

	EADERSHIP AND ENGAGEMENT e of residents who believe that the local area is a place where people fr	om different ba	ckgrounds get on well together	Quarter 1 2018/18
Definition	Residents Survey question: 'To what extent do you agree that this local area is a place where people from different backgrounds get on well together" The percentage of respondents who responded with either 'Definitely agree' or 'Tend to agree'.	How this indicator works	Results via a telephone survey conducted social research company. For this survey, purchased by ORS, enabling them to get in reach populations. Interviews conducted v 18+).	mobile sample was contact with harder to
What good looks like	An improvement in performance would see a greater percentage of residents believing that the local area is a place where people from different backgrounds get on well together. Why this important indicator is important in perceive community relationships to be within the box			ation as to how our
History with this indicator	2017 Residents' Survey – 72% 2016 Residents' Survey – 73% Results were weighted to correct any discrepancies in the sample better reflect the population of Barking & Dagenham, based on a			
	Annual Result DC			DOT from 2016 to 2017
2017	72%			
Target	78%			
2016	73%			



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
Α	Results for this indicator decreased slightly in 2017, dropping from 73% to 72%. Given the circumstances, nationally as a result of Brexit and the reported rise in hate crime in places across the country, it is positive to note that performance for this indicator is holding steady. However, the performance for this indicator is still below the target of 78% and therefore RAG rated Amber.	Work is underway to develop a Cohesion Strategy which will respond to issues and provide a plan to improve performance for this indicator.
Benchmarking	The national Community Life Survey Results – 89%	•

Equalities and Diversity – Key Performance Indicators 2018/19

-	EQUALITIES AND DIVERSITY The percentage of Council employees from BME Communities Quarter 1 2018/2						
Definition	The overall number of employees that are from BME communities.		How this indicator works	This is based on the information that employees provide when they join the Council. They are not required to disclose the information and many chose not to, but they can update their personal records at any time they wish.			
What good looks like	That the workforce at levels community (of working age).	is more representative of the loca	Ι	Why this indicator is important		This indicator helps to measure and address under-representation and equality issues within the workforce and the underlying reasons.	
History with this indicator	The overall percentage of Council employees from BME Communities has recently seen an upward trend for however the Q1 figures show a marginal decrease when compared to the same period in 2017/2018		Any issues to consider	percer of the lookin the Co	A number of employees are "not-disclosed", and the actual percentage from BME communities is likely to be higher. Completion of the equalities monitoring information is discretionary and we are looking at how to encourage new starters to complete this on joining the Council and employees to update personal information on Oracle.		
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3		Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 4 2016/17
2018/19	33.0%						
Target	31.24%	31.24%		31.24%		31.24%	\checkmark
2017/18	34.11%	35.98%		36.96%		37.17%	•



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance			
Α	The councils BME% continues to remain above the target figure. It has seen a decrease from Quarter 4 of the previous year and this is attributed to the changes to the workforce numbers following the transfer of staff to the new companies in April 2018.	Monitoring will continue and it is expected that ongoing high volume recruitment in areas such as Public Realm will attract candidates from within the borough to greater align representation to the borough's profile.			
Benchmarking	Not applicable – Local measure only				

The percentage of employees from BME Communities – Service Breakdown

BME	Non-BME	Not Provided	Prefer not to say
782	1513	40	33
33.0%	63.9%	1.7%	1.4%

Service Block	BME	Non-BME	Not Provided	Prefer not to say
Adults Care and Support (Commissioning)	20.0%	76.0%	4.0%	0.0%
Adults Care and Support (Operational)	45.6%	50.7%	3.0%	0.7%
CE/People and Resilience/Inclusive Growth/Transformation	22.2%	72.2%	0.0%	5.6%
Chief Operating Officer	14.3%	75.0%	0.0%	10.7%
Children's Care and Support (Commissioning)	35.2%	61.1%	3.7%	0.0%
Children's Care and Support (Operational)	43.6%	53.3%	3.1%	0.0%
Community Solutions	38.4%	60.1%	1.1%	0.4%
Culture and Recreation	7.9%	81.6%	10.5%	0.0%
Education	17.4%	80.2%	1.9%	0.5%
Enforcement Service	40.2%	59.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Finance	43.5%	54.3%	0.0%	2.2%
Law and Governance	27.1%	65.1%	0.0%	7.8%
My Place	26.0%	64.9%	1.5%	7.6%
Policy and Participation	15.4%	82.1%	2.6%	0.0%
Public Health	9.1%	90.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Public Realm	15.0%	83.2%	1.5%	0.3%
Repairs and Maintenance	57.1%	42.4%	0.5%	0.0%

EQUALITIES AND DIVER The percentage of staff		ory training (Equalities, Health and Saf	ety, Information Gove	rnance)	Quarter 1 2018/19	
Definition	The number of employees the courses as defined by the cou	at have completed mandatory training Incil.	How this indicator works	The indicator assesses the level of completion of all of the courses that the council deems are mandatory to ensure its compliance with legislative and best practice requirements.		
What good looks like	The council is aiming for full compliance in completion of all mandatory training courses. This is a new corporate indicator and so there is no published history for comparison.		Why this indicator is important	This indicator gives assurance that staff are completing the relevant training that the council deems necessary.		
History with this indicator			Any issues to consider	There are certain scenarios where staff may not be able complete the mandatory training such as long-term absence from work for either long term sickness, maternity, paternity or adoption leave.		
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18	
2018/19	65.8%					
Target	Target to be set n/a				n/a	
2017/18	New indicator for 2018/19				,	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance				
n/a	Compliance levels are high but not at the level but however there is still progress to be made to achieve full compliance.	Improved monitoring and targeted scrutiny to identify areas of non-compliance will be provided to Directors to assist in raising completion of mandatory training courses.				
Benchmarking	Not applicable – Local measure only					
Definition	, , , , , ,		ave How this indicator	the quarte	ator looks at total pay for both ma er but excludes the bonus elemer the differential between the tota	ts. The pay gap ratio
--------------------------------	--	---	---	--	--	------------------------
	legislation. The Council now r quarter.	works	and wome	en. A positive figure means that vegative figure means that v	vomen are paid less than	
What good looks like	That the levels of pay betwee have significant imbalances v significantly higher or lower l	not Why this indicator is important		ator helps to measure and addres female employees.	s any bias in pay between	
History with this indicator	The first gender pay gap figu 2018 identified a differential paid less than men. The figu there has been movement of are paid higher than men.	Any issues to	payment' classified payments productiv	e below excludes all payments cat s because this reporting period is under the GPG guidelines such as s would not have been made duri rity bonus payments in Repairs an this would have had an artificially	quarterly, and payments social worker retention ng the window where as d Maintenance would have	
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 4 2016/17
2018/19	-3.5%					
Target						\mathbf{T}
2017/18			-4.1%	-		

60	0%					
40	0% -					
						2017/18
20	0% -					2018/19
d	0% -			Т		Target
		Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Turber
-20	0% -					

RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance			
G	The current GPG ratio is demonstrates that there is no significant pay differential and that female pay is generally higher than male colleagues. This GPG figure is for current employees only and does not include those that were transferred out to the new companies in April 2018.	The council will continue to monitor the GPG ratio in preparation for its annual submission in March 2019.			
Benchmarking	Not applicable – Local measure only				

Public Realm – Key Performance Indicators 2018/19

	PUBLIC REALM The weight of fly-tipped material collected (tonnes)					Quarter 1 2018/19	
Definition	Fly tipping refers to dumping waste illegally instead of using an authorised method.		How th indicate works	is tonnage ticket to show er East London Waste Aut (2) Following verificatio	 (1) Fly-tip waste disposed at Material Recycling Facility and provided with weighbridge tonnage ticket to show net weight. The weights for all vehicles are collated monthly by East London Waste Authority (ELWA) and sent to boroughs for verification. (2) Following verification of tonnage data, ELWA sends the data to the boroughs and this is the source information for reporting the KPI. 		
What good looks like	In an ideal scenario fly tipping trends should decrease year on year and below the corporate target if accompanied by a robust enforcement regime.		Why th indicate importa	or is monitored. This reflects	To show a standard level of cleanliness in the local authority, fly tipping needs to be monitored. This reflects civic pride and the understanding the residents have towards our service and their own responsibilities.		
History with this indicator	2017/18 end of year result – 665 tonnes collected 2016/17 end of year result – 1,167 tonnes collected 2015/16 end of year result – 627 tonnes collected 2014/15 end of year result – 709 tonnes collected		Any iss to cons	uesservices on offer, for existencesiderare monitoring the imp	Performance for this indicator fluctuates year on year depending on the collection services on offer, for example, the introduction of charges for green garden waste. Y are monitoring the impact of green garden waste charges on fly tipping, but thus far we have not seen any significant impact.		
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18	
2018/19	229 tonnes						
	244 tonnes	367 tonnes		492 tonnes	665 tonnes		
2017/18	244 tonnes	367 tonnes		492 tonnes	665 tonnes		



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance				
G	The weight of fly-tipped materials collected (tonnes) in quarter 1 was 229 tonnes. This is 15 tonnes below the previous year (2017/18) quarter 1 target.	We carry out monthly monitoring of waste tonnage data to be more accurate and have found out some discrepancies where waste had been allocated to the wrong waste type. The continuing work of the area managers and enforcement team to pursue and prosecute fly-tippers will continue to contribute in the improvement of this indicator. Quick response to fly-tips stops them from building up and increasing the tonnage and may deter those who would add to existing fly-tips.				
Benchmarking	We benchmark our fly tipping waste monthly with other ELWA partners. However, figures do not necessarily compare due to individual borough characteristics (population, housing stock etc.)					

PUBLIC REALM The weight of	ለ waste recycled per household (kg)				Quarter 1 2018/19	
Definition	Recycling is any recovery operation by which waste materials are reprocessed into products, materials or substances whether for the original or other purposes.		How this indicator works	service, brink banks, RR Mechanical and Biologic	This indicator is the result of all recyclate collected through our brown bin recycling service, brink banks, RRC (Reuse & Recycling Centre) and 'back-end' recycling from the Mechanical and Biological Treatment (MBT) Plant. The total recycled materials weight in kilograms is divided by the total number of households in the borough (74,707 households 2017/18).		
What good looks like	An increase in the amount of v household.	vaste recycled per	Why this indicator importan	is It neips us understand p	It helps us understand public participation. It is also important to evaluate this indicator to assess operational issues and look for improvements in the collection service.		
History with this indicator	2017/18 – 304kg per househo 2016/17 – 302kg per househo 2015/16 – 218kg per househo 2014/15 – 291kg per househo	ld Any issues to Id consider			e to summer holidays and from Oc g tonnages/rates are also low.	tober to March due to lack	
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18	
2018/19	82kg						
Target	91kg	183kg		246kg	304kg		
2017/18	91kg	183kg		246kg	304kg	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance			
Α	 The weight of waste recycled per household in quarter 1 was 82kg. This is 9kg or 10% below the previous year (2017/18) quarter 1 target of 91kg. The reasons for this are two-fold namely: 1.The months of April/May/June were poor months in terms of Frizlands Reuse and Recycling Centre recycling, particularly green waste, due in part at least to the poor dry weather. 2. Despite communication campaigns and engagement, contamination of the brown bins has been very high averaging 40% compared to more acceptable level of 10 – 15%. 	The Waste Minimisation Team continue to tackle the issue of contamination as part of the kerbside collection. Addressing this issue will be crucial to maintain LBBD's recycling rate. The team also responds to direct reports of contamination from crews and supervisors and directly engaging the residents, instructing, and educating to resolve contamination from households.			
Benchmarking	We benchmark our recycling waste monthly with other ELWA partners. LBBD is ranked second out of the four ELWA boroughs (1 st Havering; 2 nd LBBD, 3 rd Redbridge; and 4 th Newham). However, figures do not necessarily compare due to individual borough characteristics (population, housing stock etc.)				

PUBLIC REALM The weight of waste arising per household (kg)							Quarter 1 2018/19
Definition	Waste is any substance or object which the holder discards or intends or is required to discard and that cannot be recycled or composted.		How this indicator works	-	This indicator is a result of total waste collected through kerbside waste collections, Frizlands RRC, bulky waste and street cleansing minus recycling and garden waste collection tonnages. The residual waste in kilograms is divided by the number of households in the borough (74,707 households 2017/18).		
What good looks like	A reduction in the amount of v household.	vaste collected per indicator is important		r is	It reflects the council's waste generation intensities which are accounted monthly. It derives from the material flow collected through our grey bin collection, Frizlands RRC residual waste, bulk waste and street cleansing collections services.		
History with this indicator	2016/17 – 842kg 2015/16 – 877kg 2014/15 – 952kg		Any issues to consider		-	Ily low in month of August due Year and Easter breaks.	e to summer holidays and high
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2			Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18
2018/19	220kg						
Target	215kg	434kg			638kg	838kg	
2017/18	215kg	434kg			638kg	838kg	•



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance		
Α	The weight of waste arising per household in quarter 1 was 220kg. This is 5kg or 2.5% above the previous year (2017/18) quarter 1 target of 215kg. This is due to the dry weather conditions in the months of April/May/June which resulted in low recycling performance, particularly green waste. Lower recycling tonnages tend to increase the weight of waste arising per household. We have also since an increase in household numbers from 74,707 in 2017/18 to 75,734 in 2018/18, without corresponding increase in recycling.	Work is being continued by the waste minimisation team to police the number of large bins being delivered. Increased communications campaigns by the Communications Team is underway by targeting those households that produce the most waste. The waste behavioural change communications strategy is three-fold: Firstly, raise awareness of what LBBD's waste services are – all residents. Secondly, ensure resident know how to use the service – all residents. Finally, target those people who produce the most waste focusing on behaviour change – highly targeted.		
Benchmarking	We benchmark our fly tipping waste monthly with other ELWA partners. However, figures do not necessarily compare due to individual borough characteristics (population, housing stock etc.).			

PUBLIC REALN Standard of St	1 reet Cleansing					Quarter 1 2018/19	
Definition	This indicator provides an overview of the cleansing standards of the borough. This indicator measures the levels of litter, detritus, fly posting and graffiti.		How this indicator works	being the highest per	This indicator works through a grading system. This is; A/B+/B/B-/C/C-/D, with A being the highest performance grade. These surveys are carried out in 3 tranches; April-July, August-November & December-March.		
What good looks like	The lower the percentage the better the standard.		Why this indicator i important	s this can also help us i	This indicator is important to us as we can judge areas that need more attention, and this can also help us identify problematic areas that could be targeted by enforcement and Anti-Social Behaviour teams.		
History with this indicator	The last report and available d was in 2014/15. The results we 6%; graffiti 1% and flyposting 2	ere: Litter 2%; detritus	Any issues consider	Town Centre, The He	We have recently seen an increase in footfall in busy shopping areas such as Town Centre, The Heathway; along with an increase in new housing estates, the section has had to absorb with its current workforce.		
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18	
2018/19	Not Available*					-	
Target						n/a	
2017/18		Ne	w indicator	for 2018/19		,	

30 —					
25 —					
20 —					2017/18
15 —					2018/19
10 — 5 —	New Indicator - Awaiting data]			Target
• 0 +	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	

RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance				
n/a	*The Street Cleansing service has recently undergone staff restructure, and the full complement of staff is yet to be completed. However, the service is planning to train key staff to undertake these surveys. It is anticipated the results of the tranche 2 survey (August – November) could be reported in Quarter 2 Corporate Performance Report.					
Benchmarking	Not available. The National indicator had been abolished by Government since 2010.					

Enforcement and Community Safety – Key Performance Indicators 2018/19

	IT AND COMMUNITY SAFETY f anti-social behaviour incident	s reported in the borough				Quarter 1 2018/19
Definition	Anti-social behaviour includes Ab Rowdy/Inconsiderate Behaviour, Malicious/ Nuisance Communicat Related Behaviour, Noise, Begging	How this indicator works	As defined, in	t is a count of all calls reported to the p	police.	
What good looks like	Ideally we would see a year on ye the Police.	Why this indicator is important	Barking and Enforcement	r has been agreed as one of the high v Dagenham. This was agreed between t t Portfolio holder, the Chief Executive on nmander and the Mayor's Office of Po period.	the Leader, the Crime and of the council, CSP Chair,	
History with this indicator	2014/15: 5999 calls 2015/16: 5688 calls 2016/17: 6460 calls 2017/18: 5929 calls		Any issues to consider			
	Quarter 1			· 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18
2017/18	1358					
Target	Year on year reductions	Year on year reductions	Year on year re	eductions	Year on year reductions	$\mathbf{\Lambda}$
2016/17	1643	3372	4859		5929	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance			
G	Using YTD Figures at June 2018 (1358 calls) ASB calls to the police are down 17.3% (down 285 calls) on the 1643 calls reported by June 2017. In comparison ASB Calls to the Police across London are down 11%.	Actions within this area include: • Issued over 1,320 fines for enviro-crime including more than 335 fines for littering, • Wall of shame officially launched,• Dealt with 1,600 reports of eyesore gardens,• 28 prosecutions of rogue landlords. The Community Safety Partnership will need to review how we sustain this level of work.			
Benchmarking	Rate per 1 000 residents is 27.3 in line with the London average (27.8) This ranks Barking and Dagenham as 18 of 32 (1 = lowest ASB rate & 32 = highest ASB				

	IT AND COMMUNITY SAFETY nts of domestic violence (MARA	C)				Quarter 1 2018/19
Definition	Numerator: Number of repeat 12 months referred to the MA	last How this indicator		This indicator looks at the number of repeat cases of domestic ab		
	Denominator: Number of case	works	that are	being referred to the MARAC fr	om partners.	
What good looks like	The target recommended by Sa rate of between 28% to 40%. A indicates that not all repeat vio to MARAC.	Why this indicator is	This indicator helps to monitor partner agencies ability to flag repeat high risk cases of domestic abuse and refer them to the MARAC for support.			
History with this indicator	2014/15 end of year result: 20 2015/16 end of year result: 25 2016/17 end of year result: 28 2017/18 end of year result: 16	Any issues to consider	represe areas a	referral rate is a single indicator intative of MARAC performance. nd therefore benchmarking shou indicator.	MARAC processes vary across	
	Quarter 1 Quarter 2		Quarter 3		Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18
2018/19	29%					
Target	28% to 40%	28% to 40%	28% to 40%		28% to 40%	$\mathbf{\Lambda}$
2017/18	17%	15%	17%		16%	•



referrals to MARAC has decreased to 29% but is still within the recommended levels expected by Safelives (28% to 40%). Repeat referral rate is a seeing higher numbers of repeat victims known to police, but this has not led to an increase in repeat	RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
MARAC performance. MARAC processes vary escalation cases rather than repeats. There is some concern that although the number of cases has	G	referrals to MARAC has decreased to 29% but is still within the recommended levels expected by Safelives (28% to 40%). Repeat referral rate is a single indicator and is not fully representative of MARAC performance. MARAC processes vary across areas and therefore benchmarking should	seeing higher numbers of repeat victims known to police, but this has not led to an increase in repeat cases known to MARAC and therefore has not impacted this indicator. These cases are referred to as escalation cases rather than repeats. There is some concern that although the number of cases has increased, they are not all presenting as high risk. This is being monitored and will be on the agenda at

	IT AND COMMUNITY SA f non-domestic abuse v		h injury offences recorded				Quarter 1 2018/19
Definition	The number of violence with injury offences reported to and recorded by the police which were non-domestic.			How this indicator works		s the accumulative count of all no reported to the police within the	
What good looks like	-	We are looking for a decrease in this figure and would normally compare with the same period in the previous year, as crime is broadly) seasonal.			Barking and Da Enforcement P	has been agreed as one of the hig genham. This was agreed betwee ortfolio holder, the Chief Executiv hander and the Mayor's Office of	en the Leader, The Crime and ve of the council, CSP Chair,
History with this indicator	2013/14: 987 2014/15: 1,147 2015/16: 1,325 2016/17: 1,366 2017/18: 1,331	Any issues to conside	counting Rules Guidance) of crime reports not being recording and classificatio	In April 2014 changes were made to the way in which violence was recorded and classified (see new Home Office Counting Rules Guidance). HMIC inspections of police data in 2013-14 also raised concerns about a notable proport of crime reports not being recorded, particularly during domestic abuse inspections. Implementation of the new recording and classification guidance and training to improve crime recording mechanisms around violence and domestic abuse have led to a rapid upward trajectory in Violence with Injury.			
	Quarter 1		Quarter 2	Qua	rter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18
2017/18	326						
Target	Year on year reduct	tion	Year on year reduction	Year on year	ar reduction	Year on year reduction	
2016/17	335		684	1,0	024	1,331	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance			
Α	Using 2018/19 Financial Year to Date figures at June 2018 (326 offences) shows that Non-Domestic Abuse Violence With Injury is down by -3% (-10 offences) compared to June 2017 (336 offences). Therefore, AMBER RATING. In comparison London is down by 1.4%.	RAG rated as Amber due to not meeting local definition for green (which is a reduction of 5% or more). Actions in this area include: Test Purchasing, Commissioning ARC Theatre, Knife Crime Programme in 2018/19, developing a long-term trauma informed model. Focus on reduction Non-domestic abuse violence with injury is concentrated on the two Town centres in the borough. The partnership needs to provide a visible presence in these areas.			
Benchmarking	Using rolling 12month figures to Sep 2017 Barking and Dagenham has a rate of 9.1 offences per 1.000 population. This places the borough 30 of 32 in London				

	T AND COMMUNITY SAFETY f serious youth violence offence	es recorded					Quarter 1 2017/18
Definition	Serious Youth Violence is defined by the MPS as 'Any offence of most serious violence or weapon enabled crime, where the victim is aged 1-19.'			Э.' Н	ow this indicator works	Serious Youth Violence is a count of v Violence aged 1-19.	victims of Most Serious
What good looks like	normally compare with the same period in the previous in		Why this indicator is important	;	This indicator has been agreed as one of the high-volume crime priorities for Barking and Dagenham. This was agreed between the Leader, Chief Executive, CSP Chair, Borough Commander and the Mayor's Office of Policing and Crime (MOPAC) for the 2017/18 period.		
History with this indicator			Any issues consider	to	Serious Youth Violence Counts the number of victims aged 0-19 years old, not the numb offences.		9 years old, not the number of
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2			Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18
2018/19	59						
Target	Year on year reduction	Year on year reduc	ction	Yea	ar on year reduction	Year on year reduction	$\mathbf{\Lambda}$
2017/18	65	145			206	258	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance			
G	Using 2018/19 Financial Year To Date figures at June 2018 (59 victims) Serious Youth Violence is down by 9.2 % (- 6 victims) compared to FYTD figures at June 2017 (65 victims). In comparison London is down by 5.4%. However, a reduction throughout the year needs to be maintained if we are achieve a figure lower than 2016/17.	 Actions focus on both the victim and the perpetrator. £268,000 of the London Crime Prevention Fund has been allocated to the area of keeping children and young people safe (42% of the total funding). Work streams include: 1) High level mentoring support for those identified as high risk of involvement in violence, gang involvement or resettling back into the community after a custodial sentence. 2) Supporting the delivery of Out of Court Disposals work in a bid to work with young people at an earlier stage to avoid entry into the criminal justice system. 3) Counselling and mentoring workshops and performances with targeted groups of young people in schools and other settings on offences with weapons such as knives, noxious substances and CSE. 4) Development of a Youth Matrix to identify the most at risk young people through schools, police, youth service and Youth Offending Service. 5) Full Time Support workers to provide one to one mentoring as part of early intervention identified by the matrix. We are working with schools and voluntary organisations to develop a trauma informed approach which will have a long-term impact. 			
Benchmarking	Rank (by Volume) Barking and Dagenham is 19 of 32 (1 = lowest crime rate & 32 = highest crime rate).				

	T AND COMMUNITY SAFETY f properties brought to complia	nce by private ren <u>ted se</u>	ctor licensing			Quarter 1 2018/19
Definition	The number of non-compliant compliant standard.	How this indicator works		ber of properties that do not me ction have now had the issues ad	-	
What good looks like	Having a very low number of non-compliant properties therefore reflecting good quality private rented properties in the borough.		Why this indicator is important		ely 15,000 privately rented prope eed to ensure that all those prope	÷
History with this indicator	The scheme has been live since September 2014 and compliance visits have taken place on 87% of all properties that have applied for a licence.		Any issues to consider	properties through en- ensure work is carried increase of properties 2017 that have since b The total number of ne	nave been tasked to tackle the to forcement intervention, for exan out and property standards impl that were originally issued a sele become non-compliant due to bre on-compliant has reduced, howe remains at approximately 2% of t	nple formal housing notices to roved. There is a significant active licence between 2014 – eaches of licensing conditions. wer the volume of non-
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18
2018/19	237					
2017/18	33	86		162	176	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance		
n/a	The current number of non-complaint properties is steadily increasing by the month. This will be tackled by meeting the officers on 121 bases to address the issues with the non-complaint properties.	A target date will be agreed with the individual officers to take the necessary enforcement actions to address all identified issues at the non-complaint properties and brought to a close. We are projecting to reduce the number of non-complaint properties by 60% within the next 1 month.		
Benchmarking	Barking and Dagenham remain the only Borough within London to inspect all properties prior to issuing a licence. In terms of enforcement, we are engaging			

	ENFORCEMENT AND COMMUNITY SAFETY The number of fixed penalty notices issued Quarter 1 2018/19						
Definition	The number of fixed penalty n enforcement team	How this indicator works	allows Management to	This indicator shows how many FPNs are issued by the team monthly. This indicato allows Management to see if team outputs are reaching their minimum levels of activity which allows managers to forecast trends.			
What good looks like	75% payment rate of FPN issued.		Why this indicator is important		Meets the council's priorities of civic pride and social responsibilities. Reduce the cos on waste and cleansing services including disposal costs.		
History with this indicator	2017/18 – 2,311 FPNs issued 2016/17 – 1,914 FPNs issued		Any issues to consider	• We cannot set income	We cannot set income targets for FPN's.		
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18	
2017/18	415						
2017/18 YTD	415						
2016/17	629	688		536	458		
2016/17 YTD	629	1,317		1,853	2,311		



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance		
n/a	The service has issued 415 FPN's during the first quarter of 2018/19. This is a 34% reduction on the number issued in the same quarter last year.	Awaiting comments.		
Benchmarking	Benchmarking data not available.			

	T AND COMMUNITY SAFETY e of fixed penalty notices paid / o	ollected				Quarter 1 2018/19	
Definition	The percentage of fixed penalty have been paid / collected.				ixed penalty notices that have		
What good looks like	The aim is to increase the rate of paid.	Indicator is important the Any issues to the			that the enforcement action taken by officers is complied with a station of the council in taking enforcement action.		
History with this indicator	2017/18 - 2016/17 – 58.8% FPNs paid / col						
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18	
2018/19	67.5%						
2018/19 YTD	67.5%						
Target	75%	75%		75%	75%		
2017/18	83.78%	75%		67%	45%	• •	
2017/18 YTD	83.78%	79.39%		75.26%	67.70%		

100%					_
80%					_
60%					2017/18
40%					_ 2018/19
20%					Target
0%	1		1	T	
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	

RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance				
Α	Quarter 1 is showing a payment rate of 67.5% against the FPNs issued during that period. Over the first quarter of the year, the number of FPN's issued has reduced, alongside a reduction in the percentage collected.	Ensure that the balance between issuing FPN's and chasing payments is correct so that the number of FPN's is sustained.				
Benchmarking	hmarking Benchmarking data not available.					

Social Care and Health Integration – Key Performance Indicators 2018/19

	AND HEALTH INTEGRATION yed Transfer of Care Days (per 2	LOO,000 population) at	tributable to s	ocial care		Quarter 1 2018/19	
Definition	Total number of days that patients remain in acute hospitals because of social care service delays when they are otherwise medically fit for discharge.		How this indicator works	month per 100,000 pc	This indicator measures the total number of social care delayed days recorded in a month per 100,000 population and converts it to a quarterly total. The indicator is reported two months in arrears.		
What good looks like	Good performance is below the target for the period. The target is set in the Better Care Fund plan.		Why this indicator is important	the hospital system ar	tant to measure as delayed transfe nd the patient. In principle, hospita and there is a risk to central Goverr	ls can fine the Council for	
History with this indicator	2015/16: 1457 days, 1084.9 pe 2016/17: 550 days, 388.4 per 1 2017/18: 240 days, 164.9 per 1	100,000	Any issues t consider	During Q2, NHS England introduced several changes ahead of the Better Care Fur			
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18	
2018/19	16.2						
Target	81.6	163.1		245.4	324.9		
2017/18	54.6	125.8		146.2	164.9	•	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance	
G	The data is complete for Q1 2018/19. In the year to 30 June a total of 24 delayed days were attributed to social care alone, equivalent to 16.2 per 100,000 people. Performance improved significantly compared with the same period last year. The target from 2017-18 remains in place and is provisional as NHS England is considering local targets for 2018-19.	NHS England have released the DTOC expectations for local authorities for 2018-19. Under its new methodology, based on a baseline of Q3 2017-18, both the CCG and the council are required to maintain the performance of that quarter, which was exceptionally good. Maintaining this level of performance over the course of the coming year is not feasible as there is very little room for any deterioration in performance. We have provided detailed analysis to NHS England (6 th August 18) to include in their national review on the impact of targets and to help them identify specific conditions for further consideration of our target.	
Benchmarking	Q1 2018/19: Redbridge 8.0 per 100,000, Havering 36.6 per 100,000, England average 283.24 per 100,000		

	AND HEALTH INTEGRATION of permanent admissions to resi	dential and nursing care	e homes (pe	r 100,000)		Quarter 1 2018/19	
Definition	and nursing care homes, per 100,000 population		How this indicator works	placements throughout A lower score is bette	This indicator looks at the number of admissions into residential and nursing placements throughout the financial year, using a population figure for older per A lower score is better as it indicates that people are being supported at home of their community instead.		
What good looks like	The Better Care Fund has set a admissions, equivalent to 858.		Why this indicator is important	s good measure of the e	erm needs met by an admission to effectiveness of care and support i nd support services.		
History with this indicator	2015/16 - 179 admissions, 910 2016/17 - 145 admissions, 737	2014/15 - 177 admissions, 905.9 per 100,000 2015/16 - 179 admissions, 910.0 per 100,000 2016/17 - 145 admissions, 737.2 per 100,000 2017/18 –139 admissions, 702.3 per 100,000			s care home admissions of residen on to the costs of care, irrespective ntial or nursing care included in th acements are excluded.	e of how the balance of these	
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr1 2017/18	
2018/19	85.9						
Target	216.2	432.4		648.7	858.9	$\mathbf{\Lambda}$	
2017/18	207.1	384.0		409.8	702.3	_ ▪	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
G	During the quarter 17 older people were admitted to long-term residential and nursing care (85.9 per 100,000). Performance is above the target and is better than Quarter 1, 2017/18. The data for 2017/18 has been revised as reconciliation at year end showed that there were 30 more admissions than reported during the year.	 Adult Care and Support continues to maintain significant management focus on ensuring that community-based care and support solutions are optimised. Mid-year reconciliation of admissions will be undertaken to ensure that activity is reflected in reporting during the year.
Benchmarking	2016-17: ASCOF comparator group average – 479.2 per 100,000; Londo	n average – 438.1 per 100,000

	AND HEALTH INTEGRATION ge of children who received a 12	-month review by 15 m	onths of age			Quarter 1 2018/19	
Definition	Number of children who received a 12-month review by 15 monthsHow this indicator worksThis indicator is a measure of how many children receive their 12 				ve their 12 months review by		
What good looks like	For the percentage to be as hig	gh as possible.	Why this indicator is important	Every child is entitled to the best possible start in lif essential role in achieving this. By working with fam child's life, health visitors have an impact on the hea their families.		es during the early years of a	
History with this indicator	This is the first year this indica	tor has been reported.	Any issues to consider	None.			
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18	
2018/19	79.7%						
Target	75.0%	75.0%		75.0%	75.0%		
2017/18	68.4%	77.4%		75.5%	83.1%	•	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
G	Performance has been above target for the past four quarters. A higher target is in the process of being explored for the new contract.	 Monthly performance monitoring meetings with the service provider are continuing in which the Commissioner and Performance Analyst monitor and work with the provider to maintain and increase performance. The service has been recommissioned as part of an integration 0–19 Healthy Child Programme to achieve integrated services, operational efficiencies and better outcomes. A new contract has been awarded to the North East London NHS Foundation Trust (NELFT) which will commence on 1 September 2018.

	AND HEALTH INTEGRATION ge of healthy lifestyles programmer	nes completed					Quarter 1 2018/19
Definition	The percentage of children and healthy lifestyle programmes t programme.		How this indicator works		The number of referrals received on to the Exercise on Referral, Adult Weight Management (AWM), and Child Weight Management (CWM) programmes who complete the programme.		
What good looks like	For the percentage of complet possible.	ions to be as high as	Why this indicator is important		The three programmes allow the borough's GP's and health professionals to refer individuals who they feel would benefit from physical activity and nutrition advice to help them improve their health and weight conditions. Adult and Child Weight Management programmes also accept self-referrals if the individuals meet the referral criteria.		
History with this indicator	2016/17: 42.4%		Any issu conside		Data operates on a three-month time lag as completion data is not available untiparticipants finish the programme. This indicator will change in 2018/19 to report on percentage of starters who complete the programme as agreed by SD&I and Lead Member.		
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2			Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 4 2016/17
2017/18	43.6%	41.4%			40.4%	45.9%	
Target	50.0%	50.0%			50.0%	50.0%	$\mathbf{\Lambda}$
2016/17	39.1%	43.1%			42.4%	45.5%	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
Α	Performance has been below target throughout 2017/18, although performance in quarters 1 and 4 was higher than in the corresponding time periods in 2016/17. The proportion of starters (rather than referrals), the new KPI from 2018/19, who completed was 63.6%, 71.9%, 58.8% and 57.2% by quarter in 2017/18.	 Group incentives are being developed as part of AWM and will link with behavioural change methodology Planned HENRY supervision with all facilitators to review delivery Ensuring that community health champions work on programmes running so they can support their community on health journey.
Benchmarking	This is a local indicator.	

Definition	Dege of 4-weekly Child Protection Visits carried out within timescales The percentage of children who are currently subject to a child protection (CP) plan for at least 4 weeks who have been visited. How this indicator works The indicator counts all those in the denominator and visited and seen within the last 4 weeks. The figure is indicator is indicator is important Higher is better. Why this indicator is important Child protection visits are vital to monitor the welfare children on a child protection plan.		indicator		•	
What good looks like				nd safeguarding risks of		
History with this indicator	4 weekly CP visits have been n August 2015, compared to 6 w previously.			impact of unannounce	ed by numbers of child protectio d child protection visits by social tially becoming out of timescale	workers resulting in visits not
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18
2018/19	94%					
Target	97%	97%		97%	97%	
2017/18	88%	93%		89%	91%	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance				
Α	As at the end of Q1 2018/19, performance has increased to 94% (286/302) compared to 91% (283/311) at the end of Q4 17/18. Performance has increased to 97% as at end of July 2018 in line with target of 97% however.	Outstanding CP visits are being monitored via team dashboards and monthly Children's care and support meetings.				
Benchmarking	This is a local indicator and is not published by the DfE. No benchmarking data is available.					

	AND HEALTH INTEGRATION se of children becoming the sub	ject of a Child Protectic	on Plan for a	a second or subsequent time		Quarter 1 2018/19	
Definition	The total number of children who have become subject to a child protection plan in the year, and of those how many have previously been subject to a child protection plan		How this indicator works	protection plan, or on the was, against the numbe protection plan at any t	The indicator measures the number who had previously been the subject of a chil protection plan, or on the child protection register, regardless of how long ago that was, against the number of children who have become the subject to a child protection plan at any time during the year, expressed as a percentage. The figure presented is a year to date figure as of the end of each quarter.		
What good looks like	A low percentage, but not necessarily zero percent: some subsequent plans will be essential to respond to adverse changes in circumstances		Why this indicator importan	is the child from the plan reasonable to question	Subsequent Child Protection plans could suggest that the decision to initially remove the child from the plan was premature and that they are not actually safer. It may be reasonable to question whether children were being taken off plans before necessary safeguards have been put in place, so therefore a low percentage is desirable.		
History with this indicator	2014/15 15% 2015/16 8% 2016/17 17% 2017/18 13%	Any issues to consider		None at present			
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18	
2018/19	17%						
Target	14%	14%		14%	14%		
2017/18	16%	12%		12%	13%	•	



Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
As at the end of Q1, 17.1% (18/105) children have become subject of a CPP for a second or subsequent time, higher than year end at 13.4% (45/336). Performance is above target but in line with statistical neighbours and lower than the national average.	 The CP Chairs currently undertake a 6 week and 3 month 'paper' review of cases with a ceased CP plan to ensure that the family remains open to services Audit's to be undertaken to identify themes as to why children become subject to a CP plan for a subsequent time. Ensure that staff in ComSol have the right skills, so that cases that are stepped down from CP have sustainable work carried out.
	As at the end of Q1, 17.1% (18/105) children have become subject of a CPP for a second or subsequent time, higher than year end at 13.4% (45/336). Performance is above target but in line with statistical neighbours and lower than the national

	AND HEALTH INTEGRATION ge of assessments completed wi	thin 45 working days				Quarter 1 2018/19	
Definition	The total number of Assessments completed and authorised during the year and of those, the number that had been completed and authorised within 45 working days of their commencement		How this indicator works		This indicator counts all single assessments that have been authorised in the y date as of the end of each quarter		
What good looks like	Higher the better		Why this indicator is important	and the outcomes for the expectation that the Sin	The timeliness of an assessment is a critical element of the quality of that assessment and the outcomes for the child. Working Together to Safeguard Children sets out an expectation that the Single Assessment will be completed within a maximum of 45 working days of receipt of the referral		
History with this indicator	Before the introduction of the single assessment in 2013, assessment timeliness was monitored for both Initial and Core assessments. Performance by year: 2013/14 78%, 2014/15 71%, 2015/16 76%, 2016/17 78%, 2017/18 85%		Any issues consider		ssessments are initiated at the en w single assessments on open ca	•	
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18	
2018/19	91%						
Target	82%	82%	82%		82%	$\mathbf{\Lambda}$	
2017/18	87%	87%		85%	85%		



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance			
G	As of the end of Q1, 91% (850/933) of single assessments were completed and authorised within 45 working days. This is above our target of 82% and above our 17/18 performance of 85%.	Ongoing assessments are routinely monitored by the Assessment Team daily, which enable them to highlight any assessment that is approaching 45 working days and ensures those that fall out of timescale are kept to a minimum.			
Benchmarking	London Average 82%, National Average 83%, Statistical Neighbours 85%				

weeks after their 14th birthday	ere looked after for						
The number of children who were looked after for a total of a weeks after their 14th birthday, including at least some time their 16th birthday and whose 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th or 21st birthday falls within the collection period and of those, the n who were engaged in education, training or employment on 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th or 21st birthday.			How this indicator works	are in EET e	tor counts all those in the either between 3 months Fhis is reported as a perc	s before or 1 m	•
Higher the better. is important		•	The data allows us to make performance comparisons with other areas and prov broad overview of how well the borough is performing in terms of care leavers a EET and improving their life chances. This is an Ofsted area of inspection as part duty to improve outcomes for care leavers and is a key CYPP and Council priority		f care leavers accessir pection as part of our		
include young people formally looked after whose 17th, 18th,		17th, 18th,	Any issues to consider	Care leavers who are not engaging with the Council i.e. we have		s is unknown; or in	
Quarter 1	Quarter	2	Quarter 3		Quarter 4	DC	OT from Qtr 4 2017/1
49.0%							
57.0%	57.0%		57.0%		57.0%		
53.1%	53.2%		57.4%		57.1%		•
							2017/18 2018/19 ————————————————————————————————————
Quarter 1	0	luarter 2		Quarter 3		Quarter 4	
with end of year performance of is below all comparators. Of the as of the end of Q1, 1 is in Prison are not in contact with and 13 a	⁵ 59% (153/258). Perf 22 young people not n, 2 are young mothe re open to the L2L se	npared • Ti formance le t in EET in ers, 6 we • A rvice and p with, • Fi w	he L2L team has b eavers having a part ternships and app greement has bee ayment so that ca urther work is beir	een involved rticular profil prenticeships n obtained to re leavers are ng planned to ne world of w	in the NEET workshops w le. Progress has been mad within the council for car o provide a financial incen e not in deficit by loss of b o develop the support eler vork and are supported th	e with regards e leavers. tive in addition enefits. nent to care lea	to the development of to the apprenticeship avers to ensure they ar
	who were engaged in educatio 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th or 21st k Higher the better. The cohort for this performance include young people formally 19th, 20th or 21st birthday falls financial year. Quarter 1 49.0% 57.0% 53.1% Quarter 1 Performance Negation Quarter 1 Performance has decreased to with end of year performance of is below all comparators. Of the as of the end of Q1, 1 is in Prisor are not in contact with and 13 an are NEET. For those young peop	who were engaged in education, training or employ 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th or 21st birthday. Higher the better. The cohort for this performance indicator has been include young people formally looked after whose 19th, 20th or 21st birthday falls within the collection financial year. Quarter 1 Quarter 49.0% 57.0% 57.0% 53.1% 53.2% Quarter 1 CQUARTER 49.0% CQUARTER 1 CQUARTER 49.0% 53.1% 53.2% Quarter 1 CQUARTER 49.0% CQUARTER 1 CQUARTER 49.0% 53.1% 53.2% CQUARTER 1 CQUARTER 53.1% 53.2	who were engaged in education, training or employment on their 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th or 21st birthday. Higher the better. Why this indicator is important The cohort for this performance indicator has been expanded to include young people formally looked after whose 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th or 21st birthday falls within the collection period i.e. the financial year. Quarter 1 Quarter 2 49.0% 57.0% 57.0% 57.0% 53.1% 53.2% Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Performance Overview Actio Q1 performance has decreased to 49.0% (21/43) compared with end of year performance of 59% (153/258). Performance is below all comparators. Of the 22 young people not in ET as of the end of Q1, 1 is in Prison, 2 are young mothers, 6 we are not in contact with and 13 are open to the L2L service and are NEET. For those young people we are in contact with, performance is 58%. • To the second people we are in contact with, performance is 58%.	who were engaged in education, training or employment on their 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th or 21st birthday. Why this indicator is important Works Higher the better. Why this indicator is important The data allow broad overview EET and improv duty to improv The cohort for this performance indicator has been expanded to include young people formally looked after whose 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th or 21st birthday falls within the collection period i.e. the financial year. Any issues to consider Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Quarter 3 49.0% 57.0% 57.0% 53.1% 53.2% 57.4% 2 Performance of 59% (153/258). Performance is below all comparators. Of the 22 young people not in EET as of the end of Q1, 1 is in Prison, 2 are young mothers, 6 we are not in contact with and 13 are open to the L2L service and are NEET. For those young people we are in contact with, performance is 58%. Actions to sustain or in event has be exparent has be payment so that ca	who were engaged in education, training or employment on their 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th or 21st birthday. works birthday. Higher the better. Why this indicator is important The data allows us to make broad overview of how we EET and improving their lif duty to improve outcomes The cohort for this performance indicator has been expanded to include young people formally looked after whose 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th or 21st birthday falls within the collection period i.e. the financial year. Any issues to consider Care leave contact wit prison or p Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Quarter 3 49.0% 57.0% 57.0% 57.0% 57.0% 57.0% 53.1% 53.2% 57.4% Performance Overview Actions to sustain or improve performance has beer any of the 22 young people not in EET as of the end of Q1, 1 is in Prison, 2 are young mothers, 6 we are not in contact with and 13 are open to the L2L service and are NEET. For those young people we are in contact with, performance is 58%. -	who were engaged in education, training or employment on their 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th or 21st birthday. Why this indicator is important Works Dirthday. Inis is reported as a percent broad overview of how well the borough is perform EET and improving their life chances. This is an Ofst duty to improve outcomes for care leavers and is a The cohort for this performance indicator has been expanded to include young people formally looked after whose 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th or 21st birthday falls within the collection period i.e. the financial year. Any issues to consider Care leavers who are not engaging contact with those care leavers so to prison or pregnant/parenting are co consider Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Quarter 3 Quarter 4 49.0% 57.0% 57.0% 57.0% 53.1% 53.2% 57.4% 57.1% Performance Overview Actions to sustain or improve performance with end of year performance of 59% (153/258). Performance with end of year performance of 59% (153/258). Performance are not in contact with and 13 are open to the L2L service and are NEET. For those young people we are in contact with, performance is 58%. The L2L team has been involved in the NEET workshops w leavers having a particular profile. Progress has been madular to reprise within the council for car or agreement has been obtained to provide a financial incen payment so that care leavers are not in deficit by loss of b well prepared for the world of work and are support eler well prepared for the world of work and are support eler	who were engaged in education, training or employment on their 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th or 21st birthday. birthday. Inis is reported as a percentage. Why this indicator is important The data allows us to make performance comparisons with other broad overview of how well the borough is performing in terms of EET and improving their life chances. This is an Ofsted area of insp duty to improve outcomes for care leavers and is a key CYPP and it include young people formally looked after whose 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th or 21st birthday falls within the collection period i.e. the financial year. Any issues to consider Care leavers who are not engaging with the Counc contact with those care leavers and is a key CYPP and it consider Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Quarter 3 Quarter 4 DC 49.0% 57.0% 57.0% 57.0% 57.1% 53.1% 53.2% 57.4% 57.1% Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Quarter 3 Quarter 4 Performance Abs decreased to 49.0% (21/43) compared with end of year performance of 59% (153/258). Performance is below all comparators. Of the 22 young mothers, 6 we are not in contact with and 13 are open to the ELT service and are NEET. For those young people we are in contact with, performance is 58%. Actions to sustain or improve performance is being planet to develop the support element to care leavers. Agreement has been involved in the NEET workshops with Members an leavers having a particular profile. Progress has been made with regards internships and apprenticeships within the council for care leavers. Agreement has been obtained to provide a financial incentive in addition payment so that care leavers are not in

	AND HEALTH INTEGRATION nd rate per 10,000 First Time Er	itrants					Quarter 1 2018/19
Definition	First Time Entrants (FTEs) to the criminal justice system are classified as offenders, (aged 10 – 17) who received their first reprimand, warning, caution or conviction, based on data recorded on the Police National Computer		are classified as offenders, (aged 10 – 17) who received their first reprimand, warning, caution or conviction, works			d or Wales. Penalty notices for	
What good looks like	Ideally, we would see a reduction on the previous year		Why thi indicato importa	r is	The life chances of young people who have a criminal conviction may be adversely affected many ways in both the short term and long term. Reducing First Time Entrants is a priority f all London boroughs to address as set by the Mayor's Office for Policing and Crime.		
History with this indicator	2014/15: 522 per 100,000 10-17 year olds (n=122) 2015/16: 613 per 100,000 10-17 year olds (n=135) 2016/17: 620 per 100,000 10-17 year olds (n=140)		015/16: 613 per 100,000 10-17 year olds (n=135) Any issues to I he latest mid-year		The latest data is for the rolling 12 months to December 2017 released on 19/06/2018. ONS mid-year population estimates to 2016 are used in the calculations.		
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2			Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 3 2016/17
2017/18	134	125			119		
Rate	594	554			527		1
Target	598	612			653	619	
2016/17	132	135			144	140]
Rate	599	613			654	620	7



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance				
Α	Barking and Dagenham has remained consistently much higher than both the London and National average for the Rate of FTE's per 1000 10 - 17 year olds and this is a focus for the Youth Offending Service and Partner agencies. However, the latest rolling 12-month figures show a reduction indicating that progress is being made and the YOS expect this trend to continue.	 All out of court disposals are assessed utilising the asset plus assessment framework to ensure that the assessment covers the wide range of issues for the young person. Educational groupwork programmes continue to run with both young people and their parents on a wide range of subject areas. Youth 'At Risk' matrix is working well, and appropriate cases are being referred into the support workers. Parenting worker is developing a training package with the gang's unit to target those parents whose young people are potentially on the peripheries of gang involvement and the work with the parents will encourage them to work together to identify concerning behaviours and disrupt associations. 				
Benchmarking	Barking and Dagenham Rate at December 2017: 527; London: 380, National: 292. This ranks Barking and Dagenham 5th highest in London					

	AND HEALTH INTEGRATION bility of placements for children	in care				Quarter 1 2018/19	
Definition	The number of children aged under 16 in care who have been looked after continuously for at least two and a half years and in the same placement for the last two years		How this indicator works	This is a rolling indicator, which look at those children who have been in care for a half years at the end of each quarter.		have been in care for two and	
What good looks like	Higher the better	r the better		children to succeed both	Frequent moves between care placements have a negative impact on the ability of children to succeed both in education and in other areas of their lives. Therefore, placement stability is central to supporting the needs of children in care.		
History with this indicator	2014/1559%2015/1660%2016/1760%2017/1859%	Any issues to consider	residential to a positive reason	An adoptive placement move is not counted in this KPI as a move although or residential to a family setting are. In 2017-18, 9% of placement moves impa- positive reasons, although the impact on performance was an end of year fight had not occurred our performance would have been in line with the national London (66%).		ting on this indicator were for re of 59%. If these changes	
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18	
2018/19	60%						
Target	68%	68%		68%	68%		
2017/18	58%	58%		56%	59%	•	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance			
Α	Q1 performance has increased slightly to 60% (83/139), compared to our 17/18 end of year performance of 59% (83/142). We remain below our target of 68% and all comparators.	 Expansion of the Mockingbird Fostering Programme is planned for 2018-19. The current consultation has been extremely effective in supporting challenging and fragile placements and even when carers have indicated a placement was in crisis, the support they received form the programme stabilised the situation in several cases. Targeted marketing to recruit carers for remand fostering, teenage fostering and children with SEND will be developed. Consideration will need to be given to a review of the fostering fee and support packages to support these placements. 			
Benchmarking	chmarking London average 66%, National average 68%, Statistical neighbours 69%				

Educational Attainment and School Improvement – Key Performance Indicators 2018/19

Definition	e of 16 to 18 year olds who are not in education, employr The percentage of resident young people academic age 16 – 17 who are NEET or Unknown according to Department for Education (DfE) National Client Caseload Information System (NCCIS) guidelines. The lower the number of young people in education,		How this indicator works Why this	Data is taken from mo regional partners and	onthly monitoring information submitted to DfE in accordanc employment, education, or tra	e with the NCCIS requirement.
What good looks like	employment, or training (not NEET) or not known, the better.		indicator is important	likelihood of unemplo	yment, low wages, or low-qua s may be NEET and in need of s	ity work later in life. Those in
History with this indicator	The annual measure was previously an average taken between November and January (Q3/4). It is now the average between December and February (End of year figures have been updated below).		Any issues to consider	October (Q2) are not o people's destinations	counted by DfE for statistical p being updated to 'Unknown' o tions. The annual indicator is n	hly, figures for September and urposes. This is due to all young n 1 September until re- ow an average taken between
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18
2018/19	4.4%					
Target	6.2%	6.2%		6.2%	6.2%	$\mathbf{\Lambda}$
2017/18	5.1%	10.5%		8%	4.1%	•
20% 15% 10% 5%						2016/17 2017/18 ————————————————————————————————————
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Quarter 1	Quarter	-	Quarter 3	Quarte	

RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance					
G	In 2017/18 the borough's annual headline figure for NEETs + Unknowns was 4.2% (ranked quintile 2) compared with 5.6% in 2016/17. This total comprised: NEETs 3.4% (quintile 4) and Unknowns 0.6% (quintile 1). In Q1 2018/19 the combined figure was 4.4% - well below national (5.9%) and London (4.7%).	 A 'What Next?' careers fair is to be held on 31st August to provide early intervention for those at risk of NEET following GCSE and 'A' Level results. A further workshop is to be held in October with key Cabinet Members to agree additional actions to reduce NEETs, with a particular focus on Care Leavers and those leaving Alternative Provision. 					
Benchmarking	nchmarking The annual published indicator (Dec-Feb average NEETs + Unknowns) in 2017/18 was 6% (national benchmark). The equivalent figure for London was 5.3%.						

	L ATTAINMENT AND SCHOOL IM undation Stage (EYFS) Inequalit						Quarter 1 2018/19
Definition	The gap is calculated as the percentage difference between the mean average of the lowest 20% and the median average for all children.		How this indicator works		It measures the attainment gap at the end of Early Years Foundation Stage betwo the lowest 20% and the median average of all children.		
What good looks like	The lower the percentage, the better.		Why this indicator importar	r is	It shows how far adrift the lowest attaining children are from their peers at the end Early Years Foundation Stage.		
History with this indicator	Barking and Dagenham's gap h quite low. However, as the num achieving a 'Good Level of Dev increased, the gap between th performing children increased widened further this year.	mber of children velopment' (GLD) e lowest and higher	Any issue consider		This indicator is measur published in July/Augus	ed annually only at the end of Fo t.	undation Stage. Results are
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2			Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18
2018/19	37.6						
Target	35.6						
2017/18	36.4	-			-	-	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance		
R	Our focus with schools has been on increasing the % of children achieving a GLD. We have not worked with schools to sufficiently highlight the gap between the lowest attaining children and the rest of the cohort.	• Work with all schools to use their data to specifically target and support the lowest attaining children.		
Benchmarking	In 2017 National was 31.7% and London was 31.3%. For 2018 national and London benchmarks are not yet available.			

	L ATTAINMENT AND SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT ge pupils achieving 9-5 in English and Maths		2018/19
Definition	The percentage of pupils at the end of Key Stage 4 achieving grade 5 or above in both English and maths GCSEs.	How this indicator works	To be counted in the indicator, pupils must have achieved grade 5 or above in both English and maths GCSEs.
What good looks like	For the percentage of pupils achieving this standard to be as high as possible.	Why this indicator is important	This is an important indicator as it replaces the old measure of pupils achieving grades A*-C in English and maths. It improves the life chances of young people, enabling them to stay on in sixth form and choose the right A Levels to access other appropriate training.
History with this indicator	Grade 5 is a new measure introduced for the first time in 2017. The revised Barking and Dagenham position stands at 43.1%. Revised London is 48.2% and National (all schools) is 39.6%.	Any issues to consider	Because grade 5 is set higher than grade C, fewer students are likely to attain grade 5 and above in English and maths than grade C in English and maths, which was commonly reported in the past. These new and old measures are not comparable.

	Annual Result	DOT
LBBD	43.1%	nla
Target	To be agreed	n/a



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
Α	While the LA's result is above the national benchmark, closing the gap with London remains key. The LA position is 26 th in London.	 Working in close partnership with BDSIP to support and challenge schools. Supporting improved retention and recruitment of Maths Teachers. Maths Network Meetings have been scheduled throughout the year. Incorporating learning from last year's exam results given the new grading arrangements.
Benchmarking	In 2017, National was 39.6% and London was 48.2%.	

	ATTAINMENT AND SCHOOL IMPROVE score per entry – Best 3 A-Levels	MENT			2018/19
Definition	The average point score for the highest scoring A' Levels across pupils.	How this indicator works	indicator applies Levels, General S they are only inc	to the subset o Studies or Critica cluded in the me ons greater than	e highest attaining scores across pupils are used to calculate this. This f A' Level students who entered at least one full size A' Level (excluding AS al Thinking). If students are entered for less than three full size A' Levels, asure if they have not entered other academic, Applied General and Tech or equal to an A level. Results are published as a provisional and revised
What good looks like	The higher the score, the better. Why this indicator is important		indicator is	-	ent at A' Level improves the life chances of young people, enabling them quality post 18 opportunities, including Higher Education and
History with this indicator	This is a new measure introduced in 2016/17. In 2017, Barking and Dagenham scored 32.7, a slight increase from our 2016 score of 32.0, but compared to London (34.5) and National (34.1) in 2017.		Any issues to consider	N/A	

	Annual Result	DOT
LBBD	32.7	nla
Target	To be agreed	II/d



 This continues to be challenging. The rate of improvement is improving but too slowly. Improving performance at A Level is a priority in the new drate Participation Strategy 2018-22. Working with BDSIP and schools to improve the recruitment of the structure of the structur			RAG Rating
and Science teachers so that more able students do not leave elsewhere.	nt and retention of Maths	ing. The rate of improvement is	

	L ATTAINMENT AND SCHOOL IN ge of schools rated outstanding					Quarter 1 2018/19
Definition	Percentage of Barking and Dagenham schools rated as good or outstanding when inspected by Ofsted. This indicator includes all schools.		This is a count of the number of schools inspected by Ofsted as good or outstanding divided by the number of schools that have an inspection judgement. It excludes schools that have no inspection judgement. Performance on this indicator is recalculated following a school inspection. Outcomes are published nationally on Ofsted Data View 3 times per year (end of August, December and March).			
What good looks like	The higher the better.		Why this indicator is important	outstanding school in order to	improve their life chances a	people should attend a good or nd maximise attainment and success. 7 and we have set ambitious targets.
History with this indicator	See below.		Any issues to consider	No current issues to consider.		
	Quarter 1	Qua	arter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from previous reporting period
2018/19	88%					
Target	90%	g	90%	90%	90%	
2017/18	91%	<u>c</u>	91%	91%	91%	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
Α	End of July 2018, 88% of inspected schools in Barking and Dagenham were judged 'Good' or better, above national and below London. This is a drop of 3%. There have been 23 inspections including 17 section 8 monitoring inspections and six Section 5 inspections. All the section 8 inspections of LA maintained schools were positive. Eastbury Community, Riverside Primary and Riverside Bridge had Section 5 inspections towards the end of July with reports likely to be published early in the Autumn Term.	 Continuing to work in close partnership with schools and BDSIP. Looking forward, two LA maintained schools and one all through academy, which currently 'Requires Improvement', are likely to improve to 'Good'. One academy converter and one newly established academy are likely to have their first inspections and be judged 'Good' The remaining three schools that 'Require Improvement' are not likely to be inspected until 2019/20. In two of these schools there has been a change of leadership. The LA has commissioned additional support for the LA school causing concern by supporting the appointment of an experienced executive headteacher and additional governors to the governing body.
Benchmarking	For 2017/18, National is 86% and London is 93% (at December 2017).	

Employment, Skills and Aspiration – Key Performance Indicators 2018/19

	T, SKILLS AND ASPIRATION ber of households prevented	from being homeless				Quarter 1 2018/19
Definition	Number of households approaching the service for assistance to prevent homelessness		How this indicator works	Total number of households successfully prevented from becoming homeless a the end of each quarter.		
What good looks like	Number of households prevented from becoming homeless increases, while the number of households requiring emergency accommodation decreases		Why this indicator is important	With homelessness continuing to remain high on the political and media agenda's it is important to show that new ways of working (in accordance with new legislation) is having the desired impact of preventing households from becoming homeless.		working (in accordance with
History with this indicator			Any issues to consider	Reduction Act a	and on Homeless Prevention Service nd Welfare Reform. Impact of hous nancial pressure on budgets.	•
	Quarter 1	Quarter 1 Quarter 2		arter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from previous reporting period
2018/19	510					2/2
2017/18	Awaiting data	Awaiting data	Awai	ting data	Awaiting data	n/a



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
	In line with new ways of working and with new legislation via the	Ongoing development of staff and service to provide alternative solutions to
_	Homelessness Reduction Act, the ambition is to work and support all	homelessness. Improvement of relationships with internal and external partners to
n/a	households with the ambition of preventing homelessness by	communicate the prevention agenda.
, a	providing alternative housing solutions as oppose to having to procure	
	and provide expensive temporary accommodation.	
Benchmarking	Data unavailable.	

	Γ, SKILLS AND ASPIRATION f households in Temporary Ac	commodation over the year				Quarter 1 2018/19
Definition	Number of households in all accommodation, B&B, nightl Sector Licence (PSL) (in borou	How this indicator works	The number of households occupying all forms of temporary accommodation at the end of each quarter.			
What good looks like	Increase in temporary accom with a reduction in the financ cost neutral service.	Why this indicator is important	Financial impact on General Fund. Reduction in self-contained accommodation is likely to lead to an increase in the use of B & B and the number of families occupying that type of accommodation for more than 6 weeks.			
History with this indicator		SL accommodation was considered cost neutral. Due to narket demands, landlords/agents can now request higher entals exceeding LHA rates				•
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter	3	Quarter 4	DOT from previous reporting period
2018/19	1,822					•
2017/18	1,857	1,901	1,904		1,861	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
n/a	As the need to get a better appreciation of the overall cost of temporary accommodation is prioritised, work is being done to reduce the overall number of properties being utilised as last 3 quarters would suggest. A more targeted approach is now being developed to look at opportunities to further reduce the number while offering alternative solutions to households.	Development of a temporary accommodation model to easily identify where reductions in the portfolio can be made. Better access to longer term housing solutions including through Choice Homes / Reside / Private Rented Sector.
Benchmarking	Data unavailable.	

looks like soluti temp	tions, with an overall red porary accommodation.	nto longer term housing luction on the use of	Why this indicator is important	reduction in oth temporary accord	rease which has a negative impacter for "move on" accommodation, th mmodation increases. and on homelessness service, impacter	ne ongoing cost of providing
this No pr				Increasing dema	and on homelessness service, impa	act of Homelessness Reduction
	revious data reported		Any issues to consider	Increasing demand on homelessness service, impact of Homelessness Reduction Act and Welfare Reform. Impact of housing market and regeneration programme. Renewal of PSL Contract. Non-conformance of other LA's to the "Pan-London" nightly rate payment arrangements. Lack of alternative Housing exit strategies.		
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Qu	iarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from previous reporting period
2018/19 2017/18	100 Awaiting data	Awaiting data		iting data	Awaiting data	n/a



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
n/a	Work is being done to reduce the overall number of temporary accommodation properties being utilised. A more targeted approach is now being developed to look at opportunities to further reduce the number while offering alternative solutions to households.	Development of a temporary accommodation model to easily identify where reductions in the portfolio can be made. Better access to longer term housing solutions including through Choice Homes / Reside / Private Rented Sector.
Benchmarking	Data not available.	·

Regeneration and Social Housing – Key Performance Indicators 2018/19

	N AND SOCIAL HOUSING f new homes completed (Annual Indicator)			Quarter 1 2018/19		
Definition	The proportion of net new homes built in each financial year.	How this indicator works	Each year the Council updates the London Development Database by August. This is the London-wide database of planning approvals and			
What good looks like	The Council's target for net new homes is in the London Plan. Currently this is 1,236 new homes per year.	Why this indicator is important	It helps to determine whether we are on track to deliver the housing trajectory and therefore the Council's growth agenda and the related proceeds of development, Community Infrastructure Levy, New Homes Bonus and Council Tax.			
History with this indicator	2016/17 end of year result – 596 2015/16 end of year result – 746 2014/15 end of year result – 512 2013/14 end of year result – 868	Any issues to consider	The Council has two Housing Zones (Barking Town Centre and Barking Riverside Gateways which are charged with the benefit of GLA funding to accelerate housing delivery in these areas. There are 13,000 homes with planning permission yet to be built and planning application currently in the system for another 1,000. The Housing Trajectory for the Local Plan identic capacity for 27,700 by 2030 and beyond this a total capacity for over 50,000 new homes. draft London Plan due to be published in November will have a proposed housing target of 2264 net new homes a year. This is clearly a significant increase on the Councils current ta but reflects the Council's ambitious growth agenda and commitment to significantly impro- housing delivery. Completions for 17/18 are forecast to be similar to 16/17.			
		An	nual Result	DOT 2015/16 to 2016/17		
2017/18		Data due	September 2018			
Target		No	o target set	\mathbf{V}		
2016/17						



	ON AND SOCIAL HOUSING f homes with unimplemented full planning permission		Quarter 1 2018/19
Definition	The number of homes yet to be built on sites with full planning permission. This includes homes on sites where construction has started but the homes are not completed.	How this indicator works	Generally speaking there are two types of planning permission outline and full. Full applications are applications which can be built without further approval. Outline applications cannot be built until reserved matters applications are approved. Barking and Dagenham has ambitious plans to build 50,000 new homes over the next twenty to twenty five years and a corresponding housing target of 2264 new homes a year in the draft London Plan. It has sites with enough capacity to deliver this figure but many of these either have outline permission or do not have planning permission. In 15/16 the top five boroughs built in total 10990 homes from a pipeline of 54950 homes with full permission, a ratio of 5. Currently Barking and Dagenham's pipeline of full permission is 4080 homes. This needs to increase to around 20,000 homes to help achieve the borough's new housing target.
What good looks like	The pipeline of full permissions should be around five times the housing target of 2264 net new homes a year	Why this indicator is important	It evidences whether there is enough potential deliverable new housing supply to meet the borough's housing target and therefore implement both the emerging Local Plan and the Be First Business Plan and its attendant income targets especially New Homes Bonus which is crucial to the future financial sustainability of the Council.
History with this indicator	Currently the pipeline of full permissions is 4080 and on average over the last five years only 654 net new homes have been built each year. The pipeline needs to increase four fold to achieve the housing target of 2264 net new homes a year.	Any issues to consider	GLA data shows that Barking and Dagenham has the third largest total capacity in London for new homes but only the 10 th highest housing target. This is because many of these sites are not currently deliverable as they either have outline planning permission, no permission and are not allocated in the development plan. Bringing these sites forward into implementable permissions will be integral to increasing the pipeline.

Definition	The Decent Homes Standard is a minimum standard council and housing association homes should meet according to the government. Under the standard, council or housing association homes must: be free from any hazard that poses a serious threat to your health or safety.18 May 2018			 a reasonably mod a kitchen with add a reasonably mod a kitchen with add a reasonably mod an appropriately adequate insulati adequate size and 			ly modern kito vith adequate ly modern bat iately located nsulation agai ize and layout	meet this criterion are those which lack three or more of the following: modern kitchen (20 years old or less); th adequate space and layout; modern bathroom (30 years old or less); itely located bathroom and WC; sulation against external noise (where external noise is a problem); e and layout of common areas for blocks of flats. less of the above is still classed as decent therefore it is not necessary to modern		
What good looks like	A continuous improvement of the stock with constant monitoring the stock Investment/knowledge stock condition.				kitchens and bathrooms if a home passes the remaining criteria.					
History with this indicator	2010 the access database got dee the service was without a system	-			The percentage figure for this indicator is difficult to produce as it is a moving target. The total					
	Quarter 1	Qua	rter 2			Quarter 3		Quarter 4	DOT from previous reporting period	
2018/19	150									
Target		-		Target	to be	e set			n/2	
2017/18	Not provided for the first quarter	1	130		168			205	II/ d	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance		
	This is on target – it is a moving target . It might be difficult	To improve performance there is a need for continuous investment.		
	to get a green on this target as the total stock figure changes	This is a KPI that the government was focusing on until 2019.		
n/a	every month.	It will need local support and planning to ensure that the focus is maintained to keep a good		
		programme in for stack maintenance.		
Benchmarking	Data not available.			

	ON AND SOCIAL HOUSING ge of residents satisfied with ca	oital works				Quarter 1 2018/19	
Definition	Monitored monthly to see how satisfied residents are with the quality of repairs works			Our residents provide feedback through a telephone interview they undertake with Elevate. These figures are then cumulated to give a monthly average across the contractors			
What good looks like	We aim for 98% customer satisfaction. Why this indicator is important			This indicator is important as we are trying to provide more and more value for money service we need to ensure that we are still meeting the needs of our residents. Secondly, we are delivering through contractors and subcontractors and we need to ensure that our residents are getting a good service. We monitor the performance of our contractors through customer satisfaction.			
History with this indicator	This figure has been calculated four years.	d for the past	Any issues to consider	In LBBD there are a pool of contractors that cover the repairs side of the local stock of buildings when averaging the total customer satisfaction figures we tend to boost up the figures of some poor performing contractors. Figures for individual contractors are available and at a service they are reviewed with the contractors.			
	Quarter 1	Qua	arter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from previous reporting period	
2018/19	94.84%						
Target	98%	ç	98%	98%	98%		
2017/18	93.17%	97	.75%	99.34%	98.11%		



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance						
Α	The target was raised from 90% which was for 2017-2018 to 98% for 2018-2019. This was because the 90% was met easily through the year.	There are weaker contractors within the contractors who we are working with. Their figures get boosted whilst averaging. The service is aware of this and they look at the contractors individually.						
Benchmarking	Data not available.							

	 d within year being within 5% of planned budget Capital expenditure, or CapEx, are funds used by a company to acquire, upgrade, and maintain physical assets such as property, industrial buildings, or equipment. CapEx is often 				ow this indicator rorksThe organisation will set a budget to maintain, upgrade and purchase stock. This budget will be part of the whole capital spend. This indicator enables planning long term projects and forecasting the state of the capital stock. In some cases it is felt that a lot more is required than what the budget allows a in this case the organisation can look at other sources of funding to enable th long term plans of managing their stock.			
Definition			How this indicator works					
What good looks like	When Capital Expenditure stays within 5% of the planned budget. Not going over budgetWhy this indicator is importantand similarly not underspending.important		This indicator is important as it keeps the organisation within planned works where stock can b maintained on a cyclical pattern. This in the long-term stops overspending when stocks decline helps avoid overspending in repairs and maintenance.			cks decline and		
History with this indicator			Any issues to consider	This indicator can be looked at yearly to see if we have kept within budget. Co available on a quarterly format. Capital projects have a cycle where the initial takes place hence less spend and towards the middle and end of the yea the makes it difficult to use the full capital spend figure on a quarterly or monthly			where the initial planni d of the yea the money	ng and tenderin
	Quarter 1	Qu	arter 2	Quarter 3		Quarter 4	DOT from prev per	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2018/19			ailable from arter 2				n/	'a
Target 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0%		Data	available from C	Quarter 2.				2017/18 2018/19 Target
0%	Quarter 1	I	Quarter 2	I	Quarter 3	1	Quarter 4	1

Finance, Performance and Core Services – Key Performance Indicators 2018/19

	FORMANCE AND CORE SERVICE umber of days taken to process		Tax Benefit Cha	nge Events		Quarter 1 2018/19
Definition	The average time taken in cale change events in Housing Bene Benefit	How this indicator works	The indicator measures the speed of processing			
What good looks like	To reduce the number of days change events	Why this indicator is important	Residents will not be required to wait a long time before any changes in their finances			
History with this indicator	2017/18 End of year result – 8 2016/17 End of year result – 9 2015/16 End of year result – 1 2014/15 End of year result – 9	Any issues to consider	There are no seasonal variances, but however government changes relating to welfare reform, along with Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) automated communications pertaining to changes in household income impact heavily on volumes and therefore performance.			
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18
2018/19	12 days					
Target	14 days	12 days		12 days	12 days	\leftrightarrow
2017/18	12 days	13 days		13 days	8 days	• •



 areas.

 Benchmarking

 No benchmarking data

-	ORMANCE AND CORE SERVICE of customers satisfied with the		ved			Quarter 1 2018/19
Definition	The % of customers who say with the service they receive Centre.	How this indicator works	A sample of calls to the Contact Centre is taken in which customers are asked to rate their experience.			
What good looks like	85%	Why this indicator is important	Ensuring that our customers are satisfied is a critical determinate in providing sure that we are providing a high standard of service. Having a high level of satisfaction also helps the Council manage demand and thereby keep costs down.			
History with this indicator	New target		Any issues to consider	None at this time.		
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18
2018/19	83.34%					
Target	85%	85%		85%	85%	$\mathbf{\Lambda}$
2017/18	81.6%	80.66%		87%	84%	•



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
Α	We believe that performance has been adversely affected by ongoing issues with waste collections.	We are further refining the method statement for collecting satisfaction feedback.
Benchmarking	LA neighbours Benchmark - OnSource is 80%	

	ORMANCE AND CORE SERVICES mber of days lost due to sickness ab	sence				Quarter 1 2018/19
Definition	The average number of days sickn staff employed directly by schools month rolling year and includes le	How this indicator works	Sickness absence data is monitored closely by the Workforce Board and by Directors. An HR Project Group meets weekly to review sickness absence data, trends, interventions and "hot spot" services have been identified. Managers have access to sickness absence dashboards.			
What good looks like	Average for London Boroughs is 7.	Why this indicator is important	This indicator is important because of the cost to the Council, loss of productivity and the well-being and economic health of our employees. The focus is also on prevention and early intervention.			
History with this indicator	2016/17 end of year result: 8.43 c 2015/16 end of year result: 9.75 c 2014/15 end of year result: 7.51 c	Any issues to consider	 Sickness has increased marginally since the previous quarter. Monthly tracking though shows that there is a reduction in absence. We are still not achieving the revised target of 6 days breakdown of sickness absence in Public Realm is set out belowned to the statement of the statement			
	Quarter 1	Quarter 3		Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 4 2017/18	
2018/19	7.88					
Target	6.0	6.0	6.0		6.0	
2017/18	8.45	7.62	7.36		7.43	



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
Α	The council's sickness figures have improved since Q1 2017/2018 but have seen a marginal increase in Q4 of the previous year.	Targeted interventions are in place in areas where there continue to be high levels of absence and initial observations are that this is having a positive impact. Further detailed analysis of areas with high absence levels continues to be undertaken.
Benchmarking	London average – 7.8 days	

	ORMANCE AND CORE SERVICES gement Index Score					Quarter 1 2018/19	
Definition	The employee engagement index calculated from the scoring of the employee engagement questions of the Temperature Check survey.		How this indicator works		The indicator uses the average score of all questions answered within the Temperature Check survey.		
What good looks like	The employee engagement index has increased by 5% since the last survey.		Why this indicator is important	enables any underlaying	This indicator helps to measure the engagement of the councils workforce and enables any underlaying issues to be investigated and addressed.		
History with this indicator	Employee engagement Index Score 2016/17: 74%		Any issues consider	to None to be noted.	None to be noted.		
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from 2016/17	
2018/19	79%						
Target			Target to be	set			
2016/17							



RAG Rating	Performance Overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance
G	The increased engagement score since 2016/2017 is positive and demonstrates that the change programme the council has undergone in the past two years have not adversely affected employee's satisfaction and attitudes towards working for the Council.	In depth analysis of the full survey as a whole is ongoing and further work will be done on a service block basis to identify any local issues. This information will be reported to Directors and interventions devised as appropriate.
Benchmarking	No benchmarking data available – Local measure only.	

Definition	The position the Council is ir balanced budget it has set to	-	How this indicator works	Monitors the over or under spend of the revenue budget account.		
What good looks like	In line with projections, with no over spend.		Why this indicator is important	It is a legal requirement to set a balanced budget.		
History with this indicator	2017/18 end of year result: 2016/17 end of year result: 2015/16 end of year result: 2014/15 end of year result:	£4.853m overspend £2.9m overspend	Any issues to consider	None at this time.		
	Quarter 1	August 2017		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	DOT from Qtr 1 2017/18
2018/19	£4,924,000 forecast					
2017/18	/18 £4,800,000 forecast £5,517,000 forec		t £6,800,000 forecast		£5,000,000	
	.000					
£10,000 £8,000 £6,000 £4,000 £2,000	,000		rter 2	Quarter 3		2017/18 2018/19 → Target

n/a

services back into balance, issues still remain in Care and Support where

high levels of demand and unachieved savings are resulting in potential overspends. This is partly offset by prudent use of central contingencies.

Benchmarking No benchmarking data available – Local measure only

closely throughout the year as part of the new governance arrangements.