The London Borough of Barking and Dagenham Air Quality Action Plan 2020-2025



SUMMARY

This Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP) has been produced as part of our duty to London Local Air Quality Management. It outlines the action we will take to improve air quality in London Borough of Barking and Dagenham (LBBD) between 2020-2025.

This action plan replaces the previous action plan.

Air pollution is associated with a number of adverse health impacts, it is recognised as a contributing factor in the onset of heart disease and cancer. Additionally, air pollution particularly affects the most vulnerable in society: children and older people, and those with heart and lung conditions. There is also often a strong correlation with equalities issues, because areas with poor air quality are also often the less affluent areas^{1,2}.

The annual health costs to society of the impacts of air pollution in the UK is estimated to be roughly £15 billion³. LBBD is committed to reducing the exposure of people in Barking and Dagenham to poor air quality in order to improve health.

We have developed actions that can be considered under seven broad topics. Our priorities are Monitoring and core statutory duties; Emissions from Developments and Buildings; Public Health and Awareness Raising; Delivery, Servicing and Freight; Borough Fleet; Localised Solutions and Cleaner Transport.

- Monitoring and other core statutory duties: maintaining monitoring networks is absolutely critical for understanding where pollution is most acute, and what measures are effective to reduce pollution. There are also a number of other very important statutory duties undertaken by boroughs, which form the basis of action to improve pollution;
 - Emissions from developments and buildings: emissions from buildings account for about 15% of the NO_x emissions across London so are important in affecting NO₂ concentrations;
- **Public health and awareness raising**: increasing awareness can drive behavioural change to lower emissions as well as to reduce exposure to air pollution;
- **Delivery servicing and freight**: vehicles delivering goods and services are usually light and heavy duty diesel-fuelled vehicles with high primary NO₂ emissions;
- **Borough fleet actions**: our fleet includes light and heavy duty diesel-fuelled vehicles such as mini buses and refuse collection vehicles with high primary NO₂ emissions. Tackling our own fleet means we will be leading by example;
- Localised solutions: these seek to improve the environment of neighbourhoods through a combination of measures; and
- **Cleaner transport**: road transport is the main source of air pollution in London. We need to incentivise a change to walking, cycling and ultra-low emission vehicles (such as electric) as far as possible.

You will see in this report that we have worked hard to engage with stakeholders and communities which can make a difference to air quality in the borough. We would like to thank all those who have worked with us in the past and we look forward to working with you again as well with new partners as we deliver this new action plan over the coming years.

In this AQAP we outline how we plan to effectively use local levers to tackle air quality issues within our control. However, we recognise that there are a large number of air quality policy areas that are outside of our influence (such as Euro standards, national vehicle taxation policy, taxis and buses), and so we will continue to work with and lobby regional and central government on policies and issues beyond LBBD's influence.

RESPONSIBILITIES AND COMMITMENT

This AQAP was prepared by the Environmental Health Department of LBBD Council with the support and agreement of the following officers and departments:

- Regulatory Services; Environmental Health
- Legal Department
- BeFirst
- MyPlace
- Fleet Services
- Parking Services
- Planning
- Public Health
- Inclusive Growth
- Education Services
- Communications
- Leisure, Parks and Heritage
- Public Realm

This AQAP has been approved by:

Matthew Cole, Director of Public Health

Patthe Cole

This AQAP will be subject to quarterly reporting by internal departments via the Steering Group meetings. The Steering Group meetings will allow each department to provide progress/updates on their actions. Progress of each action within the AQAP will be annually reported in the Annual Status Reports produced by LBBD, as part of our statutory London Local Air Quality Management duties.

If you have any comments on this AQAP please send them to : Environmental Protection Team, LBBD Environmentalprotection@LBBD.gov.uk

¹ Environmental equity, air quality, socioeconomic status and respiratory health, 2010.

² Air quality and social deprivation in the UK: an environmental inequalities analysis, 2006.

³ Defra. Air Pollution: Action in a Changing Climate, March 2010

Abbreviations

AQ	Air Quality
AQAP	Air Quality Action Plan
AQMA	Air Quality Management Area
AQO	Air Quality Objective
BEB	Buildings Emission Benchmark
САВ	Cleaner Air Borough
CAZ	Central Activity Zone
EV	Electric Vehicle
GLA	Greater London Authority
LAEI	London Atmospheric Emissions Inventory
LAQM	Local Air Quality Management
LLAQM	London Local Air Quality Management
NRMM	Non-Road Mobile Machinery
PM ₁₀	Particulate matter less than 10 micron in diameter
PM _{2.5}	Particulate matter less than 2.5 micron in diameter
TEB	Transport Emissions Benchmark
TfL	Transport for London

Foreword

In this Air Quality Action Plan, we have focused on how we will best tackle local air quality issues within our control. We must do all we can to make sure that the air we all breath is cleaner and safer now and into the future, and we owe it to future generations to take the lead on this important issue.

However, we must recognise that there are a large number of air quality policy areas that are outside of our influence, such as vehicle emission standards, national vehicle taxation policy, taxis and buses and traffic management on the major TfL regulated roads. While we are therefore determined to do what we can, as this Action Plan demonstrates, we will also continue to work with our communities and the Mayor of London, and lobby central government, to develop policies that will ensure more comprehensive action on issues beyond Barking and Dagenham's direct control.

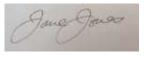
This is a first important step to grappling with an issue of tremendous significance for all of us.

Councillor Margaret Mullane, Cabinet Member for Enforcement and Community Safety

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The Air Quality in this Borough is much poorer than any of us would wish and this results in adverse conditions for both our environment and health. This is borne out by poor lung health figures within the Borough. There are many factors that contribute to creating poor air quality and it is vitally important that Council Departments and Members work together to ensure that we are doing all that we can to source funding for resourcing projects that will mitigate the adverse effects of poor air quality.

Councillor Jane Jones,



The Air Quality Action Plan is an integral piece of work that seeks to improve the health of all those living in Barking and Dagenham. This plan has the potential to deliver cleaner air for future generations and is being proposed at a time when air quality is more important than ever.

The members of the steering committee were not oblivious to the challenges that shaping such a bold and innovative plan presented – and the final document has undergone scrutiny from across services. I am proud to have been a part of it and look forward to working alongside colleagues to ensure that this plan is not just a soundbite, but the start of real positive change for our residents.

Councillor Andrew Achilleos, Member Champion for Climate Change

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Air Quality Action Plan 2020-2025

The actions have been grouped into seven categories: Monitoring and core statutory duties; Emissions from developments and buildings; Public health and awareness raising; Delivery servicing and freight; Borough fleet actions; Localised solutions; and Cleaner transport.

Action category	Action	Action name and	Responsibility	Cost	Expected	Timescale for	Outputs,	Further
	ID	description			emissions/ concentrations benefit	implementation	Targets and KPIs	information
Monitoring and core statutory duties	1	Maintain the borough's monitoring network, and add an additional 20 diffusion tubes	Environmental Protection Team	Low	No emissions benefits but critical in terms of understanding emissions and concentrations	10 NOx Diffusion Tubes deployed July 2020, ongoing monthly monitoring. Target to install 20 further tubes minimum by 2023	All AQ stations monitors maintained and over 90% data capture. All NOx tube information to be provided in Annual Status Reports (ASR).	Details of LBBD monitoring can be found here: <u>https://www.</u> <u>londonair.org</u> .uk/london/a <u>sp/publicbull</u> <u>etin.asp?la_i</u> <u>d=1&MapTyp</u> <u>e=Google</u>
Monitoring and core statutory duties	2	Work with and support relative emerging A.Q monitoring projects to integrate new/modern monitoring techniques, including the £1m C40 project delivered in partnership with the GLA.	Environmental Protection Team	Low	No emissions benefits but critical in terms of understanding emissions and concentrations	Dependent on project funding from GLA.	All monitors maintained. Increase and quantify monitoring sites wherever possible. 2 monitors located in LBBD.	Details of GLA monitoring can be found here <u>https://www.</u> <u>breathelondo</u> <u>n.org/</u>

Monitoring and core statutory duties	3	IPPC duties and inspections under the Environmental Permitting Regulations 2010	Environmental Protection Team	Low	Emission reductions as processes upgrade to meet Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements		Number of processes inspected, and risk assessed in accordance with framework	https://ww w.lbbd.gov. uk/industria l-pollution
Emissions from development s and buildings	4	Raising awareness of and enforce the borough's Smoke Control Zone (SCZ) To include: an awareness campaign using Communications Team media platforms and active enforcement	Environmental Protection Team	Low	King's College estimate that between 23 and 31 per cent of the PM2.5 originating in London comes from wood burning	Start 2020. Publicise annual Clean Air Day 2020-2025. 3 comm's campaigns coordinated with Comm's Team and Public Health every winter, highlighting SCZ controls	No. of publicity information provided. Residents engaged via council communicati ons No. of complaints of dark smoke investigated within 48 hours	https://www .lbbd.gov.uk/ <u>report-air-</u> <u>quality-</u> <u>issues</u>

Emissions from developments and buildings	0	Protection Team	emission and	included in draft Local Plan	major development with Air Quality	https://www.lon don.gov.uk/what -we- do/planning/imp lementing- london- plan/planning- guidance-and- practice- notes/control- dust-and
Emissions from developments and buildings	Include GLA guidance on environmental and construction best practices into BeFirst/LBBD and other major developments	BeFirst/Environmen tal Protection Team	Indirect emissions reduction. Difficult to quantify emission changes. This is current best practice for reducing construction emissions (NOx and PM)		Requirements with GLA best practices included. 100% target for major	https://www.lon don.gov.uk/what -we- do/planning/imp lementing- london- plan/planning- guidance-and- practice- notes/control- dust-and

Emissions from developments and buildings	7	(NRMM) air quality policies. Include NRMM requirements within local planning guidance. Planning conditions imposed asking for NRMM compliance	Environmental Protection Team / Planning (BeFirst Planning Policy)	Low	NRMM used in the construction/ infrastructure building sectors currently accounts for around seven per cent of NO _X and eight per cent of PM ₁₀ emissions in London.	2020	Draft Local Plan includes NRMM. 100% target of relevant major planning applications to include NRMM conditions	<u>https://nrmm.lo</u> ndon/
Emissions from developments and buildings	8	for all relevant major developments. Reducing emissions from CHP by ensuring that air quality as well as carbon emissions are considered when assessing planning applications or where existing schemes require new or upgraded heat sources		Medium	Hard to quantify emission reduction. Draft Local Plan policy requests SAP10 assessments which ensures carbon and air quality emissions are considered.	2021	Maintain a register of approved CHPs. Add to GLA CHP register.	https://www.lo ndon.gov.uk/sit es/default/files /pilot_study_o n_the_air_qual ity_impacts_fro m_combined_h eat_and_powe r_in_london.pd f
Emissions from developments and buildings	9	. ,	Environmental Protection Team	Low	Draft Local Plan policy in place to address this issue. Different emissions reductions from each development.	Immediately	100% target of relevant major planning applications meeting AQN, or any preceding standard	See: https://www.a gconsultants.c o.uk/CMSPages /GetFile.aspx?g uid=226d8d5e- d7e9-40e1- bf0d- 85c4554496da

Emissions from developments and buildings	10	Ensuring adequate appropriate, and well-located green space and infrastructure is included in new large-scale developments	Planning	Low	Difficult to quantify emissions or concentrations reduction. Green infrastructure is dependent on new development proposals	Immediately	Green Infrastructure in identified 'Site Allocations' e.g. green walls, roofs and vegetation used to mitigate air pollution	2 and 3: Urban Greening. Strategic Policy 6: Green and
Emissions from developments and buildings	11		Environmental Protection Team / Planning	Low	Quantifying emission reduction is difficult with this measure	2021	Healthy Streets included into Local Plan. Report No. of applications with Healthy Streets indicators used in assessment.	Local plan website, CHRIS Policy DMT1 https://www.lo ndon.gov.uk/w hat-we- do/health/tran sport-and- health/healthy- streets http://content. tfl.gov.uk/healt hy-streets-for- london.pdf http://content. tfl.gov.uk/guid e-to-the- healthy- streets- indicators.pdf

from developments and buildings	Promoting and delivering energy efficiency and energy supply retrofitting projects in workplaces and homes through retrofit programmes such as Retrofit Accelerator and Cosy Homes. LBBD to be zero carbon from Council operations (e.g., housing and fleet) by 2030, and zero carbon Borough- wide by 2050.	Inclusive Growth	High	NOx emission reductions from improved building thermal insulation and boiler replacement programmes	Framework data to inform of number of buildings	<u>-homes-</u> <u>scheme</u>
Emissions from developments and buildings	Improve air quality in the Borough by delivering improvements to reduce building emissions and increase uptake of Decentralised Energy Networks	Inclusive Growth / Environmental Protection Team	Medium- High	NOx and PM ₁₀ emissions reduction from building energy generation	on district heat networks	https://www.lbb d.gov.uk/sites/d efault/files/attac hments/Barking- Town-Centre- District-Energy- Scheme- information-for- developers-and- carbon- factors.pdf https://www.lbb d.gov.uk/news/b arking-and- dagenham- council- launches-green- energy- company-beam- energy

Emissions from Development and Buildings	14	Participate in the Pan-London Non-Road Mobile Machinery registration campaign in conjunction with lead Borough (London Borough of Merton), to reduce emissions from construction vehicles in line with GLA guidance.		Low- Medium	LAEI 2016 data shows that NOx emissions from construction in LBBD was 12%.		Provide quarterly updates of major development site audits, inspections and enforcement.	
Public health and	15	Public Health department		Low	Strong cross council	Immediately.	Public Health key	https://lagm.def
awareness raising		taking shared responsibility			support to raise profile		stakeholder in	ra.gov.uk/public-
		for borough air quality issues			of air quality and public	Public Health have	AQ steering	health/roleforlas
		and implementation of Air			health	produced a health	group. Public	<u>.html</u>
		Quality Action Plan.				document to	Health to attend	
						inform input of air		
		11a Directors of Public Health				quality into future	sub-groups	
		, , ,	Environmental			JSNA.		
			Protection Team				Public health	
		their area.					teams being	
							involved in the	
		11b DPHs incorporate up to					delivery of	
		date air quality information in	11b DPH				relevant	
		their Joint Strategic Needs					projects.	
		Assessment					Air Quality	
							Air Quality included in JSNA	
		11c Air Quality Action Plans					and within	
		are formally signed off by the DPH					Health &	
		DPH					Wellbeing Board	
		11d At least one Consultant					priorities.	
		grade public health specialist	11d ррн				priorities.	
		with air quality						
		responsibilities in their job						
		profile						
		I						

Public health and	16	Engage with local businesses	Inclusive Growth	Low	No direct emissions	2020 - 2025	4 business	https://www.lb
awareness raising		and support access to			reduction but potential		forums held	bd.gov.uk/busi
		business-specific funding			for a range of emission		annually (Pre-	<u>ness</u>
		schemes which promote			reductions from		Covid). During	
		sustainable transport,			transport post-		Covid	
		collaborative delivery and			engagement		restrictions this	
		low emission procurement					is being moved	
		practices through business					to online	
		forums and newsletters					services.	
		distribution						
							Target during	
							Covid time	
							(online monthly	
							distribution via	
							webinars) is	
							minimum 1000	
							business	
							contacted	
							p/month.	

Public health and	17	Develop and implement a	Public Health /	Low	No direct emissions or	2020	Communications	
awareness raising		communications strategy to	Environmental		concentrations		strategy	
		disseminate air quality	Protection Team /		reduction however		developed and	
		information to raise	Communications.		promotion of active		updated	
		awareness and encourage			and healthy travel,		annually.	
		behaviour change – may	Communications		promotion of			
		include messages to residents	strategy working		protecting people's		Number of	
		with heart and lung diseases	group to be		health from pollution		communication	
		(working in partnership with	coordinated by PH,		and greener forms of		messages	
		local NHS services). E.g., re-	Environmental		transport.		disseminated by	
		publicising the Mayor's	Protection and				Comm's/ the	
		pollution alerts, promotion of	Comm's Teams.				strategy working	
		active travel/sustainable					group, measured	
		transport, green home grants	Query ComSol as				annually.	
		and anti-idling messages etc.	directly facing					
			services to residents					
			including social					
			prescribing and					
			healthy ageing.					
			Communications					
			Team					

Public health and	18	Encourage schools to join the	BeFirst	Medium	Promotes sustainable	Ongoing	Number of	https://stars.tfl.g
awareness raising		TfL STARS accredited travel			approach to active		schools in LBBD	ov.uk/
		planning programme.			travel thus reducing		signed up to TfL	
					vehicle emissions and		programme, and	
		Promotes sustainable			increasing physical		table of Gold,	
		approach to active travel			activity.		Silver and Bronze	
		therefore reducing vehicle					accreditation	
		emissions and increasing			Baseline data as of		further to the	
		physical activity.			2020:		baseline data.	
					6 schools working		Target: 10	
					towards engaged or		schools per year	
					accredited level: 5 will		for either Gold,	
					achieve engaged status		Silver or Bronze	
					by summer 2021.		accreditation.	
					14 schools at engaged			
					level, 14 schools at			
					Bronze level, 6 schools			
					at Silver level: 4 at Gold			
					level.			
Public health and	19	Air quality in and around	BeFirst / Transport	Medium	Pollution exposure	Next round of	5 to be delivered	https://www.lo
awareness raising	15		Planning	Mediani	•	funding	this year (2020).	
					children		(1115 year (2020).	hat-we-
		15a Apply to the funding			cimaren		5 delivered every	
		made available through TfL					subsequent year	
		for LIPs to deliver the					subject to	and-air-
		recommendations from the					funding.	quality/mayors
		'school streets'.					i di i di i g.	-air-quality-
								fund

Public Health and	20	Use council lobbying power	Public Health,	Low	No direct emissions or	2021	Monitor and	
awareness raising		to increase/encourage local	Environmental		concentrations		report on	
		and regional action.	Protection Team, all		reduction however		number and	
			departments in		lobbying potentially		outcome of	
		Lobbying within the BHR and	steering group		provides greater		lobbying	
		NEL partnerships (including	meetings		funding, political		activities	
		NHS and LA) to encourage			interest and		undertaken	
		other partners to consider			engagement of other		annually, from	
		measures to improve air			regulatory bodies with		all relevant	
		quality – including their staff,			shared responsibility		departments.	
		residents, in their			for emissions in LBBD.			
		procurements and their in-						
		house services.						
		Lobby and work with TFL to						
		reduce NO ₂ & PM emissions						
		from buses in LBBD, and to						
		reduce air quality						
		concentrations from TfL						
		regulated roads.						
Public Health and	21	Submit responses to relevant	Environmental	Low-	No direct emissions or	Ongoing	Publicise council	
Awareness Raising		government and regional	Protection Team,	Medium	concentrations		responses to	
		consultations – ensure	Public Health, all		reduction however		consultations	
		responses focus on reducing	relevant		consultation responses		through the	
		emissions of local air	departments from		potentially provides		Comm's team.	
		pollutants and CO ₂ .	Steering Group		greater funding,		List consultation	
					political interest and		responses	
					engagement of other		annually.	
					regulatory bodies with			
					shared responsibility			
					for emissions in LBBD.			

Public Health and Awareness Raising	22	Continued implementation of the Barking Riverside Travel Plan, to accelerate uptake of cycling walking and sustainable transport.	BeFirst		Promotes sustainable approach to active travel therefore reducing vehicle emissions and increasing physical activity	 Initial target of 36% of residents travelling to work by car, 5% on foot and 7% by bicycle by end of 2021. Report no. of Pedestrian and cycle provisions. Report no. of registered members of Cycle Hub. Report no. of registered members of Car club on site. 	<u>e-at-barking-</u> riverside/commu <u>nity/</u>
Public Health and Awareness Raising		Prepare and deliver Council- wide (LBBD) and BeFirst Travel Plans encouraging sustainable transport modes for staff and visitors	BeFirst	-	Promotes sustainable approach to active travel therefore reducing vehicle emissions and increasing physical activity	Report annually to show increase of sustainable transport modes, decrease in car usage etc.	

Public Health and Awareness Raising		Deliver the 'Ways of Working' (LBBD Staff) Travel to Work Plan and implement deliverables for staff to travel more sustainably and safely (in response to Covid19)		Medium	Reduction in grey fleet emissions. Increase in more sustainable and active travel.	2020	Deliver Staff Travel Plan Survey Review all existing staff travel arrangements, related HR policies and travel plans Recommend actions for Council approval alternative and sustainable travel modes	
Delivery servicing and freight	25	Review of the process documentation templates (procurement strategy document, delegated authority documents and award contract documents) to include air quality requirements for reducing vehicle emissions	Head of Procurement		Greater governance is being applied to procurement management now that the service is in-house from 2020	December 2020	Evidence that shows new templates including air quality requirements for tenders / contracts	
Delivery servicing and freight	26	Review, implementation and approval of the 'contract rules' in tandem with Council legal department with a view to adding air quality requirements for reducing vehicle emissions	Head of Procurement	Low to Medium	As above	March 2021	Document the change by Council Assembly by showing approval of the contract rules	

Delivery servicing and freight	27	Reducing emissions from deliveries to local businesses and residents. Work with and support TfL to install rapid electric vehicle charging points to encourage low emission vehicles	BeFirst	Medium	Reduced tail pipe emissions from commercial and private vehicles	2020	3 Rapid chargers installed by December 2020. 3 p/year installed subject to TfL funding.	https://maps.lo ndon.gov.uk/ev = chargepoints/?i ntcmp=52680
Borough Fleet	28	Reducing emissions from council fleet. Undertake 'Grey' Fleet review with Energy Saving Trust to inform future vehicle choice and infrastructure	BeFirst/Inclusive Growth	Low	Reduced tail pipe emissions from fleet vehicles	2020	provided by EST with recommendatio ns	https://energys avingtrust.org. uk/scotland/bu sinesses- organisations/t ransport/grey- fleet-review
Borough Fleet	29	Investigate the feasibility of, and implement the best environmentally performing, alternative fleet vehicle fuel (e.g., Hydrogen, Electric, Gas- to-Liquid)	Fleet	Medium- High	Reduced tail pipe emissions from fleet vehicles	2021		https://www.s hell.com/energ y-and- innovation/nat ural-gas/gas- to-liquids.html

Borough Fleet	30	Undertake an infrastructure and operational review for the Council fleet depot land space charging in the Borough to incentivise EV charging uptake at the workplace	Fleet / Inclusive Growth	Low - Medium	Potential indirect emission reductions from fleet and staff- owned vehicles, visitors etc.	2020	Provide cabinet recommendatio ns for approval. Document outcome. Report progress on incentivising
Borough Fleet	31	Undertake annual fleet audits with a vehicle replacement programme to show continued progress in phasing out older and more polluting vehicles by 2030	Fleet	Low	Direct emission reductions from fleet vehicles, NOx and PM.	2020	Change in annual vehicle fleet mix and vehicle replacement.
Borough Fleet	32	Complete an industry- recognised fleet driver training programme (e.g., Freight Transport Association) to improve driver/vehicle operations and reduce fleet emissions	Fleet	Low - Medium	Direct emission reductions gained from reduced fuel consumption and improved driving efficiencies	2021	Report completed fleet training programme (number of drivers, % of fleet drivers completed, expected emission reductions post training)

Borough Fleet	33	25% of total fleet vehicles to	Fleet	Medium -	Direct NOx and PM	2021	Report annual	
		be fully electrified (Battery		High	emissions reduction		number increase	
		Electric Vehicle) by 2025.			from changing diesel		of EVs in fleet	
					vehicle to electric		and number of	
		Long term target to have					vehicles	
		Council operations zero					operating with	
		carbon by 2030 including					alternative /	
		fleet vehicles being zero					clean fuels	
		tailpipe emission or as close						
		as possible to zero tailpipe						
		emissions using Best						
		Available Technology.						
Localised solutions	34	19a) Implement the	Leisure, Parks and	Medium	Potential direct air	2020	19a) Implement	Barking and
		published Green	Heritage / Public		pollution concentration		strategy	Dagenham's
		Infrastructure Strategy.	Realm		reduction from			published 'Parks
					strategically placed	2020	1201 100. 01	and Open Spaces
		19b) Apply for Green Space		Medium	green			Strategy (2017)' and 'Parks and
		Grants / Community Tree			infrastructure/vegetati		submitted	Opens Spaces
		Planting			on			Tree Planting
							19c) Progress of	Strategy (2017)'
		19c) Develop and implement				2021	programme	0, ()
		a tree planting delivery		Low -			development	
		programme which		Medium			and no. of trees	
		strategically targets high					planted	
		pollution areas (roads) where						
		feasible.						

Localised Solutions	35	Continue to embed green infrastructure into LIP schemes.	BeFirst	Low	reductions from green	From 2020, and each year funding from LIP	quantify and detail projects delivered that include Green Infrastructure	https://www.lb bd.gov.uk/sites /default/files/a ttachments/LB BD%20Consult ation%20Draft %20LIP3%20- %20Final.pdf
Localised solutions	36	Low Emission Neighbourhood (LEN): Continue to implement and project manage the TfL- funded 'Greening the Fiddlers' LEN in Becontree Heath, Dagenham, in one of the GLA's Air Quality Focus Areas.		High	Measures given within the LEN project outline will provide local and cumulative reductions to be achieved. Community led design project which aims to make the neighborhood around The Fiddlers junction safer, greener and more sustainable.		aimed at reducing traffic dominance and which support and encourage people to make	https://www.gr eeningthefiddl ers.org/ https://yourcall .befirst.london/ greening-the- fiddlers
Cleaner transport	37	should sign off AQAP.	Head of Transport Transport Officers	Low	No direct emission reductions however strong cross council support to raise profile of air quality and sustainable transport	Immediately	a) Report signed by HoT b) Number of transport studies with air quality considerations	

Cleaner transport	38	Use parking policy to reduce private use vehicle emissions by reviewing borough parking permit fee banding and implement a policy to incentivise lower emission vehicles/ dis-incentivise higher emitting vehicles	Head of Parking	Low	Indirect reduction in tailpipe emissions from implemented policy – reduction in no. of higher emitting vehicles	change of parking policy and show vehicle emission pricing.	,
Cleaner transport	39	Review parking policy to reduce the overall number of parking permits to single household/residential tenancy (de-incentivise higher number of cars p/house)	Head of Parking	Low	Reduction in the tailpipe emissions from reduced residential on- street cars in controlled parking zones.	report on the number and change in residential	Parking policy and permitting information: <u>https://www.lb</u> bd.gov.uk/parki ng-permits
Cleaner transport	40	Introduce a policy to charge commercial vehicles parking overnight and at weekends in borough roads to reduce congestion and discourage commercial vehicles.	Head of Parking	Low	Reduction in the tailpipe emissions from commercial on-street cars in controlled parking zones.	Monitor and report on the number and change in commercial parking permits	
Cleaner transport	41	Review staff parking permits and implement a policy or management process to significantly reduce overall numbers, with the aim to reduce 'grey fleet' impacts	Head of Parking	Low	Reduction in overall tailpipe emissions from staff vehicles	Monitor and report on the number and change in staff parking permits, annually.	

Cleaner Transport	42		BeFirst/Transport Planning	Low / Medium	Potential Reduction in tailpipe emissions by encouraging low emission transport	installations. Target 10 p/year	<u>ap-</u> map.com/char ge-
Cleaner Transport	43	Require private developers to install Ultra Low Emission Vehicle (ULEV) infrastructure as per the GLA London Plan for major residential and non- residential developments. E.g., electric vehicle charging points		Low	Tailpipe emission reductions from vehicles using ULEV infrastructure.	Monitor and report no. of car free developments. Target: 100% of new major development meeting the London Plan standard	Policy DMT2, Draft Local Plan

Cleaner Transport 44	Provision of infrastructure to	BeFirst / Transport	Medium	Indirect emission	2020	Report length of	https://www.lbb
	support walking and cycling	,		reductions from		1 0	d.gov.uk/cycling-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			promoting sustainable		lane/path	in-the-borough
	e.g. the development of key			travel.		delivered	
	strategic cycle routes					annually.	https://www.cyc
	including Barking Station to			Currently 55% of			lestreets.net/jou
	Chadwell Heath Station, cycle			average daily trips are		No. of legible	<u>rney/</u>
	route CFR10 Barking			made by walking,		London signs	
	Riverside to Ilford (via Barking					installed	https://www.sus
				cycling and public		instaneu	trans.org.uk/our-
	Town Centre) and Heathway			transport. Our targets			blog/get-
	to Becontree Heath.			for sustainable mode		,	active/2019/ever
				share are 57% by 2021		lock/storage	<u>yday-walking-</u> and-cycling/how-
	Potentially 'Liveable			and 72% by 2041,		locations, cycic	to-start-cycling-
	Neighbourhoods' ambition			whilst achieving a 5-		nangers etc.	to-work/
	for the Becontree Estates			10% reduction in		installed	
	subject to TfL funding.			vehicular traffic during		annually	https://www.op
				the same period			en-
						No. of 'Bike It'	walks.co.uk/Dire
						cycle training	ctory/Barking-
						programmes and	
						'Dr Bike' sessions	
						implemented	

Cleaner Transport	45	Discourage unnecessary	Environmental	Low-	This is a London-wide	2020 - 2025	-Demonstrate	https://idlingac
		idling by road vehicles.	Protection Team /	Medium	behaviour change		signing up to	tion.london/
		Participate in the Pan-London	Fleet / Education		campaign which helps		campaign.	
		Anti-Idling campaign/project			to reduce localised air		-Fleet drivers	www.twitter.co
		in conjunction with the			pollution.		undertake	m/idlingaction
		London Borough of Camden					training.	
		and proactively enforce					- No. of schools	
		regulations to reduce idling					engaged	
							Target: 2/3 of all schools to be engaged in the anti-idling campaign over the next 5 years (40 schools)	
Cleaner Transport	46	Encourage behaviour change in transport modes to increase sustainable transport and decrease private car use: a) Campaigns to promote walking to school b) Campaigns to promote workplace travel plans.	BeFirst	Low	Behaviour change campaigns helps to change transport modes and reduces localised air pollution.		A and b) Report on no. of awareness campaigns undertaken in schools and workplaces	

Cleaner Transport 47	Develop a long-term strategy for the A13 to help improve traffic congestion, improve air quality and enable sustainable growth. Require full Environmental Impacts Assessments (EIA's) for A13 development proposals including replacement of the Lodge Avenue flyover by TfL.	BeFirst BeFirst	Low	concentration reductions associated with change to the A13. Concentrations changes would be highlighted within EIA.	2021	Report on preferred options for potential development on the A13. Report on AQ impact assessments included into EIA's	
Cleaner Transport 48	0	Environmental Protection Team	Low	Relatively low emission contribution however the RRT are to further promote sustainability and low emission boating through their community (diesel not used for heating, DEFRA approved heating stoves only). Static Barge Moorings all electrically powered only.		promotion of low emission infrastructure (electrically	https://riverro dingtrust.org.u k/ RRT Chairman: Paul Powesland

Cleaner Transport	49	1) Promote World Car-Free	Environmental	Low	Reduces short-term	2021	Demonstrate	https://london
		day (22 nd September)	Protection Team		exposure to emissions,		Comm's	carfreeday.com
		through Communications			emission reduction is		Publication of	L
		Department			localised. Can		Car Free Day and	
		2) Explore gaining funding			potentially lead to		activities held	
		though the Greater			longer term		annually.	
		London Authority Mayor's			behavioural changes			
		Air Quality Fund (or other			and be used to test		Publicise in	
		funding source) to			more permanent traffic		Annual Status	
		promote car-free days in			management changes.		Reports funding	
		LBBD streets					gained for car-	
		3) Explore allowing residents					free days	
		to apply for 'Play Streets'						
		or similar that allow					Publicise street	
		streets/roads to be closed					closures/'play	
		from traffic and					streets' for car-	
		encourage community					free events	
		engagement						